DAILY FREE DEMOCRAT:
PUBLISHED IN THE CITY OF MILWAUKEE, EVERY WEEK DAY AFTERNOON.
Office—Birchard's Block, No. 15 Spring Street.

THE DAILY FREE DEMOCRAT, FIVE DOLLARS a year, delivered [illegible]
[illegible] single copies THREE CENTS each.
THE TRI-WEEKLY DEMOCRAT is published at [illegible] every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, and sent to subscribers by mail the following [illegible] at the low price of THREE DOLLARS a year, [illegible] in advance.
THE WISCONSIN FREE DEMOCRAT, (for the [illegible]) [illegible] Weekly, at Two Dollars [illegible] in advance. To Clubs, One Dollar [illegible] Copy.

Rates of Advertising:

1 square	1 time		1 week		$2 [illegible]
"	2	"	1	"	2 25
"	3	"	1	"	1 50
"	half	"	3	months	15 [illegible]
"	1	"	6	"	1 [illegible]
"	1	"	3	"	1 50
"	1	"	2	"	1 [illegible]
"	1	"	1	"	75
"	1	"	1	"	[illegible]

[illegible] Notices inserted in the Weekly, immediately after the reading matter, at the rate of ten cents a line.
[illegible] Notices in the Daily, [illegible] a week, $2 50; [illegible] every day, [illegible] week, with Tri-Weekly [illegible] day, [illegible] Tri-Weekly, $2 50; [illegible] Tri-Weekly, [illegible] Tri-Weekly, [illegible] Tri-Weekly,

Daily Free Democrat.

Office—Buchanan's Block, corner of Spring and West Water Streets.

Daily, Tri-Weekly, and Weekly.

S. M. BOOTH, . . . EDITOR

MILWAUKEE:

THURSDAY, ... MARCH 2

For President in 1856,
JOHN P. HALE, of New York.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
GEORGE W. JULIAN, of Indiana.

Memorial Relative to Land Grants.

The *Sentinel*, of this morning, publishes the Memorial of the Common Council in relation to Land Grants, which will be found in another part of this paper It thinks, as an answer to the question, "*Who shall have the land?*"—the document set forth by the Common Council is timely, and the appeal cogent" But it "regrets that they should have chosen to make the subject, in some sort, a personal one, by making the document 'A reply to A Hyatt Smith'"

A Hyatt Smith had published a letter, making a pamphlet of 24 pages, which was circulated freely among the members of Congress, making statements not warranted by facts, and reflecting injuriously upon the interests of this city, and upon the interests of a large portion of the State It set forth the grounds on which the R R V U R R Company asked for an extensive grant of the Public Lands. Our delegation from this city, of whom the senior editor of the *Sentinel* was one, thought this letter should be answered, as it was operating against us at Washington The answer of the Council is wondrously mild and guarded, in comparison with the statements of Mr Smith's pamphlet. Has the *Sentinel* seen that pamphlet? We rather guess not We have never joined in the warfare upon A Hyatt Smith, nor shall we now attack him But truth compels us to say, that his pamphlet letter is the most extraordinary production we have ever seen addressed to any public body, and that it ought not to have been permitted to go unanswered

We hope the whole scheme will be thrown overboard It seems, however, to be a foregone conclusion that the lands are to be given to Railroad Companies, and the only strife now is—Who shall get them?

Third Judicial Circuit.

Our Madison Correspondent shows up the schemes of the men who have called a Convention at Fox Lake, to nominate a successor to Judge Larrabee The whole design of it is to place Judge Rose on the Bench Now, we do not say that Judge Rose could not creditably perform the duties of that Circuit, but we remember that he was the man who introduced the resolution into the State Convention, requiring Judge Larrabee to resign, when nominated for Chief Justice, that he might step into his place

Judge Larrabee has been more than five years on the Bench, and has the advantage of this experience over a new man He has, so far as we know, given general satisfaction, and, unless some good reasons, besides the wishes of place-seekers, can be given, Judge Larrabee should be redected We think it due to him, if he has been faithful, to reelect him

To Whom it may Concern.

The offices for the regulation of our municipal affairs and the enforcement of our laws were instituted for the benefit of the city—of the whole people—and not for the benefit of individuals, or as rewards for partizan services The people, therefore, should select the best men to fill these offices Is it not time for Milwaukee to lay aside all bickerings and party strife, and choose, for our guardians, men in whom all the people can safely confide? We have foes enough without, who watch for our halting We should be united at home, and put shoulder to shoulder in pushing forward our great public enterprises, and in promoting the best interests of our city.

German Meeting at New York.

At a large meeting of the German Democrats of New York, called by the General Tammany Committee, for the purpose of getting an expression in favor of Douglas's Bill, two-thirds were found to be opposed to it; on which the Douglasites played the part of rowdies until nearly 10 o'clock, when loosing all patience, the cry was raised, "Out with the slave breeders," when the Hall was cleared of the rowdies, and the meeting passed strong resolutions denouncing the Nebraska Bill as a piece of rascality with which the Germans would have nothing to do. Mr. LINDENMULLER, the philanthropist, of whom our New York correspondent has spoken, was active against the Bill.

And Still They Come.

The Appleton *Crescent* has come out decidedly against the Nebraska bill—making 13 regular Democratic English papers openly committed against this rascality; beside the *Nieuwsbode*, a Holland paper, and some eight German Democratic papers—making, in all, 22 Democratic papers against the bill, to six for it. And yet the *News* has the face to represent that but three or four have come out against it.

By the way, the *News* has not yet claimed the Five Hundred Dollars which we offered it for authentic proof of its statement that the Missouri Compromise expressly authorized Slavery south of 36° 30'.

THE WRATH OF MILWAUKEE.—General CRAWFORD has been making a speech against the Prohibitory Liquor Bill, in the course of which he denounced the vengeance of Milwaukee County against the Democratic members of the Legislature who dare to support it, sho'd they ever be candidates for a State office. The General made a great deal of music for the members, and kept them in a laugh, part of the time at him and part of the time at what he said.

AUSTRIA, by Imperial Diet, has recently emancipated her peasantry. The United States, by Douglas's bill, proposes to open the door for Slavery to a country larger than the principal powers of Europe

Southern Institutions.

SLAVES FOR SALE.—We publish the following advertisements from the *New Orleans Picayune*, for the benefit of those of our friends who contemplate starting a slave plantation in Nebraska:

250 Negroes for Sale.

The subscriber has on hand for sale Negroes, direct from Virginia, the Carolinas, Georgia, Kentucky and Missouri, consisting of field hands, blacksmiths, carpenters, coopers, one copper-smith, A No. 1 man cook, seamstresses, cooks, washers and ironers, and house servants, which will be sold on very accommodating terms, and as low as can be afforded in this or any other Southern market The attention of merchants, planters and purchasers generally is respectfully solicited, as the stock is the largest and equal if not superior to any in the city. The stock will be kept large throughout the entire season.

THOMAS FOSTER, 68 Baronne, and
Ja7—1md&w 157 Common Street.

Carolina Negroes.

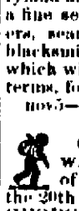
THOMAS FOSTER, 68 Baronne street, between Common and Gravier, and 157 Common street, near Barronne, has just received 150 likely Negroes, consisting of field hands, black and tin smiths, coopers, carpenters, and washers and ironers, which he will sell in lots to suit purchasers.

☞ Will continue to receive 150 Negroes weekly during the season. dec20—1m

For Sale.

Just arrived and for sale at my old stand, No. 16 Esplanade street, one hundred choice Maryland and Virginia NEGROES, consisting of a fine selection of field hands, washers, ironers, seamstresses, cooks, waiters, coachmen, blacksmiths, carpenters, and coopers, all of which will be sold on the most accommodating terms, for cash or city acceptance.

nov5—3m J. M WILSON.



ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD—Ran away from the plantation of Mrs. V Aime, parish of St. James, on the 20th of September last, the negro boy, GEORGE WASHINGTON, aged about 21 years, 5 feet 5 inches high, stoutly built, no beard, not very black, pleasant countenance, and having no particular mark to our knowledge. The above reward will be paid to whoever will secure the said boy in any jail, in or out of the State, and make it known to

ROMAN & KERNION,
Ja10—15t¶ 2 Front Levee

☞ Natchez Courier copy fifteen times and send bill to this office.

Slavery Bounty Bill.

Orr's Homestead bill, provides that persons shall be entitled to locate Homesteads in the following manner:

"If a single person, over the age of twenty-one years, one-eighth of a section; to each family of two, one quarter-section; to each family of three, and not exceeding five, one half section; to each family of six, and not exceeding ten, one section; and to each family over ten, one additional quarter section for every five members; *and to families who own slaves, in addition to the foregoing, there shall be allowed, if less than ten slaves, one half section; if ten, and not exceeding fifteen, one section; and for every ten above that number, one half section.*"

Such is the process by which Congress is asked to legislate Slavery into Nebraska and Kansas! It is, we believe, the first attempt to offer the Public Domain as a bounty on Slavery.—*Cleveland Democrat.*

APPLETON CRESCENT.—This paper has nearly completed its first volume The *Crescent* is ably conducted, is an excellent local paper, has unquestionably done much towards developing the resources of Outagamie County, and has been of the first importance to Appleton, in giving it character abroad. The *Crescent* issues its prospectus for the next year, with the following terms: Single copy, 1 year, $1,50; Clubs of 10, by mail, $12,00; Clubs of 15, by mail, $15,00 An extra copy to the person sending a club and the money.

U. S. SENATE.—The telegraph reports that Senator CLAYTON, of Delaware, was to speak against the Nebraska Bill yesterday, and that Senator BELL, of Tennessee, would follow on the same side. We fear that there is some mistake in this, as it has been understood that both of these Senators were in favor of the bill

THE Illinois Senate have passed resolutions in favor of Douglas's Nebraska bill, by a vote of 14 to 8—three Senators being absent. The *Democratic Press* says that many were dragooned into the support of the Resolutions to save Douglas. They have since passed the House by a vote of 31 to 21.

A LARGE AND ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING to protest against the Nebraska fraud, was held at Williamsburgh, N. Y., on Tuesday evening last. A letter from Senator SEWARD was read, speeches were made by several distinguished persons, and strong resolutions were passed against the contemplated outrage.

CONVENTION.—A convention of delegates from all the Railroads and steamboat lines from all parts, will be held at Buffalo to-morrow, to establish rates of tariff and time tables for the coming season, and discuss all matters connected therewith.

ANTI-NEBRASKA MEETINGS.—An Anti-Nebrasha meeting is to be held at Columbus, O., to-day, and a call, signed by most of the business men of Buffalo, for such a meeting, on Saturday evening next, appeared in yesterday's papers of that city.

A GREAT ANTI-NEBRASKA MEETING was held at Racine, last Monday evening. It was composed three-fourths of Democrats. Stirring speeches were made and strong resolutions adopted. The sentiment of the people is unanimous.

PRINTER.—In Democratic caucus at Washington, on Tuesday evening last, after a preliminary ballot, Mr. NICHOLSON, of the *Union*, was unanimously nominated as the candidate for Printer to the House.

DEPOSITES.—The amount in the U. S. Depositories on the 26th ult., subject to draft, was $26,600,000.

ON Saturday evening last the whigs of Detroit nominated OLIVER M. HIDE, as their candidate for Mayor.

THE people of Rockford, Winnebago county, hold a meeting at the village of Wauhan, and passed resolutions against the Nebraska bill.

THANKS to Hons. John B. Macy, and Daniel Wells, Jr., for Congressional documents.

THE *Washington Union* will hereafter be under the sole control of Mr. NICHOLSON.

DR. S. J. RHO will find it to his interest to call at this office, or send a substitute.

MADISON CORRESPONDENCE.

[REPORTED FOR THE FREE DEMOCRAT.]

Discussion upon the Prohibitory Liquor Law, in the Assembly.

MADISON, MONDAY, Feb. 27.

Mr. Remington: The position of the gentleman from Dane has no foundation. There is no provision in this bill against the importation of liquors into this State. That they can do, but after they have imported it, this bill prohibits their selling, or giving it away, or in any way disposing of it to avoid the provisions of this act. I think we have the legal right to pass such a law, and am therefore opposed to the amendment of the gentleman.

Mr. M. J. Thomas: I am glad the gentleman from Dane is so liberal. He would allow good brandy, gin and wine to be brought in and sold. That would reach his case and mine, but there are other domestic articles, manufactured by citizens of our State, which others prefer. The gentleman from Dane is in favor of a protective tariff. Let him discriminate, then, in favor of domestic articles.

Mr. Thomas sent up an amendment, excepting beer made in Wisconsin from the provisions of this act.

The Chairman, Mr. Donaldson, asked where the amendment should be introduced.

Mr Thomas said, "in the proper place"

Mr Donaldson, after examining the section, came to the conclusion that there was no such place

Mr. Knowlton: I go for the amendment of the gentleman from Fond du Lac (Mr Thomas) It accords with my views

Mr. Orton: I am glad to see the proclivities of the gentleman from Lafayette, (Mr. Knowlton.) He has now manifested them to this House. I have seen them before. He wished to introduce them before the Committee; to except beer, wine and cider I am opposed to this What hurt can it do if liquor is introduced in unbroken packages, so long as it remains in said packages. You may take it through the State into Iowa, and so long as it remains unbroken it will do no hurt. Now this provides a certain machine for making liquors at home here I am opposed to this machinery. What *little liquor I* have drinked, has learned me that we must get imported liquor to get a pure article. This law cannot deprive a man of rights, secured to him by Congress; the right to purchase and import liquors in such packages. I may go abroad and bring them in, and I may break them, and drink the liquor, but I may not give it to my child, or to my beloved wife, or to others. I cannot be deprived of my right to thus import it, however

Mr. Gary again made some remarks against the amendment, and in reply to remarks of Mr Orton, after which the question was put on the amendment of Mr. Orton, and it was lost by a large majority.

Mr. Webster then introduced the following amendment:

"No provisions of this act shall apply to counties where a majority voted against the Prohibitory Liquor Law;" in support of which he said:

I have always been of the opinion that the majority should rule, and I believe that those counties, which gave a majority against a Prohibitory Law, should not be included in this bill The county which I represent voted strongly against this law, and it ought to be excepted in the bill, and all other counties that voted against the law. There is a large capital invested in breweries, in the county which I represent, which would be lost, should this law apply to it.

The question was put, and the amendment lost by a large vote.

Mr M. J. Thomas made an amendment, excepting from the prohibiting clause, "beer made in Wisconsin" It was lost

Mr Webster then offered an amendment to the title of the bill, that instead of the words to prohibit the sale, &c., it should read, "to enforce total abstinence."

The Chairman, Donaldson, decided it out of order.

Mr Webster appealed, but the House sustained the Chair.

Mr Bœner offered an amendment, excepting small beer, soda water, and lemon, which was lost

Mr. Hull moved to strike out section 2—lost.

Mr Webster moved to strike out the words "without oath," and insert the words "on oath," in the 4th section, wherever they occur.

He then asked why this should be made an exception to the general rule, and the Constitution, that no unreasonable searches shall be made unless upon complaint upon oath. You have no right to do so Yet this law says without oath

Mr. Knowlton said he thought the objection without ground. The law does not conflict with the Constitution. The Justice can send for witnesses, after the complaint is made without oath. The witnesses are examined under oath, and then the Justice issues his warrant. This has been done in criminal cases, for larceny.

Mr Sanders has told me that a case of this sort occurred at Racine, where a person who knew of a larceny kept away and would not come before the Court. Mr. S. made complaint without oath. The witness was sent for, but refused to come. An attachment was issued, he was brought up and his testimony taken.—The criminal was arrested, a writ of *habeas corpus* issued, and objection taken "that the complaint was not made on oath," but the prisoner was remanded.

Mr. Webster: I advocate the right of the people in this matter. The right to have their kitchen and cellars exempt from unnecessary and malicious searches. This provision was introduced to suit the friends of the bill.

Mr. W. read the Section of the Revised Statutes in relation to issuing warrants upon complaint made upon oath.

Mr. Knowlton then answered Mr. Webster, showing that the Constitution does not require the complaint to be upon oath. He then turned to the Rev. Statutes, showing that the Justice might examine the complainant and others and then issue his warrant. He then showed such to be the provisions of this bill.

Mr. Crawford: I move to strike out that 2d section, tho' I do not expect to carry it, and I will say if all the people of this State were as sober as my associates here, there would be no need of a Maine Law. I am not a speech-maker, but I may say something cute.

The friends of this bill were opposed to the Democratic party last fall. I warn all Democrats in this House (if there are any) not to vote for this law, for if they come up for any State office, they will be defeated, Milwaukee county will give a large majority against them. I claim to be the most temperate man in this House. If any man has been temperate more than 60 years, then he has been so longer than I have. If not, then he has not.

Mr. Crawford then paid his respects to the defunct Whig party, (as he called it,) and also gave the Abolition party some "cute hits," which I have not time to give, as his speech was written and quite lengthy. He finally concluded his remarks by saying: "I want no better monument erected over my ashes, than a hickory slab, inscribed, JOHN CRAWFORD, *A Democrat.*

TUESDAY, Feb. 28, 1854.

The House again resolved itself into committee of the whole upon the Liquor Bill, this afternoon.

Mr. Crawford withdrew his motion to strike out, as he made it to get the floor.

Mr. Bosh renewed it, as he wished to reply to the gentleman from Milwaukee. We have found arraged against us on this question, the vote of our foreign fellow citizens. I wish to say a few words to them on this subject. They have not lived so long in this country as most of us, and I hope they will hear us give our views.

I can remember when we all laughed upon this doctrine as an innovation of our rights, when other was joined against it all the social institutions. This is an important question. The world has been quieted with the good which it intemperance, from the earliest days up to this time. Noah was thus afflicted.

Mr S. referred to some facts in the history of several nations, and finally came down to our day, and remarked upon the course of our fathers; the danger which they passed; that God assisted them, and would us, if we were true. He was then speaking of the priests, when Mr. Lees called him to order.

Mr. Beecroft wished to know what the question was before the House, and called to order.

Mr. Scott said he was speaking to show it was a great moral controversy. One in which God would assist us.

Mr Barney. I think if God is going to fight their battle, the gentleman from Waupaca had better sit down.

Mr. S. I have the right to speak upon this matter, and gentlemen may laugh and ridicule, if they wish, but it is a serious matter. I was saying that our fathers worked hard, to secure their liberties, and by the assistance of Providence, they succeeded. I, sir, am a democrat. I took my lessons from Thomas Jefferson and Andrew Jackson, and any one taking lessons in that University, cannot be far from right. I think that the question of whig, democrat, and free-soiler, should have nothing to do with it—We should all come up and vote for it, irrespective of creeds or party

Mr. Crawford. A good many claim to be democrats. I don't know but the gentleman is a democrat, and took lessons as he says. But, I have been informed, sir, that he was a Whig when he lived in New York

Mr. Scott. I never was a whig. I have always been a democrat.

Mr. Bernhardt. I wish to make a few remarks in reply to the gentleman from Waupaca, as he referred to the German people Mr Chairman, I know that most of our people are opposed to this law. It is natural for them to be so. They have lived in a wine bearing country, and wine has always been a beverage with them. Our forefathers used it, and if you should see some of their bumpers, which are kept, you would think that we are very moderate We think this law unworthy of freemen. It takes away the liberty of the citizen. I do fear our citizens will be ranked as violators of this law. I fear our people will get very much sick, and apply to town and city authorities for medical purposes. They think it not very flattering to citizens, that they should be placed in the condition of a minor child; that they sho'd have guardians appointed; that they are not able to govern their appetites and control their physical nature. They think it unjust to be so held by the law, as incapable to govern themselves. It is contrary to the principles of freedom

Mr. Bœner offered an amendment. That after the words "by destruction of such liquors," the words "in the manner in which liquors are destroyed," be inserted. Some question arose as to what that manner is.

Mr. Bœner evidently thought it so well understood that it needed no explanation, as he made none.

Mr. M J. Thomas moved to strike out sec. 6. Lost.

Mr Hull moved to strike out sec. 7. Lost.

Mr. Webster moved to strike out the first line of sec. 7, and insert, that such Town Agent shall be elected by the people. He said I am a democrat, and think all officers should be elected by the people. We get better officers The appointing power is aristocratic. A salary is given, and it will tend to corrupt the agent if he is appointed by the supervisors, besides we shall get better liquors if the people have the appointing power. We want good liquors.

Mr. Knowlton. There has been so much said about democracy, that I hardly know whether I am a democrat or not, and another thing I don't care I do not think it sho'd have anything to do with the question. What if it is democratic to elect by the people? What great difference would it make if they were elected by the supervisors? If vacancies should occur under the gentleman's plan, it would cause great expense to elect a new one, whereas if appointed by the supervisors, the expense and trouble would be trifling

Mr. Webster. The people would be better judges of good liquor than 3 supervisors. They could tell better who would be the best distiller; who would give the best liquor

Mr Remington The gentleman does not tell us whether he is a good judge of liquor or not, but as he is opposed to the bill in any shape, I think he had better leave it to its friends.

There was more discussion, which I will send you. Mr. Orton made a speech in favor of an amendment offered by him. It will be answered to-morrow, I suppose.

There was nothing of importance passed today. Some discussion was had upon a Railroad bill, on amendments proposed requiring the company to erect cattle-guards, fences and passage-ways. Mr. Noggle advocated the amendments. Messrs. Knowlton and Orton opposed them, on the ground that the road passed thro' a new country, and they were unnecessary a large portion of the route. H. J. P.

MADISON CORRESPONDENCE.

Legislative Caucus—3d Judicial Court.

MADISON, Feb. 25, 1854.

You have already, I see, noticed the call made by some of the members of the Legislature, from Judge Larrabee's Circuit, for a convention at Fox Lake. Of course this call was up for somebody's benefit, as the *Sentinel* has said; but who was at the bottom of it has not until lately transpired. And now that the cat is out of the bag there is a good deal of plain talk about the motives which have prompted certain gentlemen, in devising this plan to foist somebody on the Bench, through the machinery of a packed convention.

I am informed, by one of the Democratic members from that Circuit, that the whole delegation from Dodge County, with Messrs. Blair and Wheedon from Ozaukee, and Mr. Ketchum from Columbia, made up the meeting which issued the call.

Mr. Remington, of Sauk, was first appointed secretary of the meeting. But he peremptorily declined, and stated that the great mass of the people of his county, and as far as he could ascertain public sentiment, the great mass of the people of the state were opposed to party conventions for Judges. Mr. Speaker Horn, Mantz of the Senate, Shantz and Zimmerman from Washington County, and Gleason who represented Marquette Co. in default of that county's not being blessed with a Democratic member, all declined having anything to do with the object of the meeting, and strongly opposed the call for a convention. Mr. Vittum, of the Senate, also refused to join in the meeting. Thus you see that, in effect, the county of Dodge, having *six* votes out of the *nine* who were in favor of a convention, absolutely controlled the whole matter. Had not Mr. Blair been a candidate himself and thought his only hope was in having a convention, he would probably have refused to join with the Dodge Co. men. He will find, when this convention meets, that he is *nowhere* beside the prevailing *railroad* influence which will be brought to bear in that convention.

I understand that Judge Larrabee is in no way connected with this plan, and I trust he will have independence enough to keep away from the trading and bargaining of the Fox Lake convention.

If he is worthy of being retained on the Bench, the people of his Circuit have found it out long ago; and will re-elect him, as against all nominations and all combinations. Whether he intends being a candidate or not, I have no means of knowing; but if he is not I trust the people of that Circuit will bring out some man who is worthy of the station, and who will not be trammeled with the trade and bargains inevitably growing out of a conventional nomination.

The probability of the early construction of the Berlin and Horicon Railroad has, we are informed, already enhanced the value of pine lands in its vicinity nearly 50 per cent.—Milwaukee Advertiser.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Further News by the Andes.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 8th.—On the Russian squadron receiving intelligence that the combined fleets had left the Black Sea, and returned to Constantinople, five of the Russian frigates put to sea and proceeded to Chifkatel, where they attacked the port, but without much success, as they were obliged to steer off in consequence of their warm reception

The *Globe* announces the recurrence of rumors of a possible reopening of negotiations between the two great powers.

The Paris correspondent of the *Times* writing on Sunday evening says—it is certain that fresh negotiations are on the tapis for the settlement of the question

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 14.—Radetski issued a proclamation to arrest all persons spreading false reports. Much excitement in Italy

TREBIZOND, Feb. 14—Schamyl, with 10,000 men, was marching against Zamatila, an important military position of the Russians.

It is reported that Lord Bajlan is to have chief command, and that the Duke of Cambridge, General Evan and Boutherton, are, to have appointments

The following are the steamers taken by government; from the General Screw Steamer companies, Propontis, Cape of Good Hope, Golden Place, and Jason; From the Oriental Co the Himalay, Manilla, Ribon, and from the Cunard Co. the Niagara and Cambria: from the Australian the Victoria

Advices from Krasovia state that bad weather alone prevented the Russians from attacking Kalafat. The Invading Army have made a movement in advance, but active operations would not begin until March

The French government continues its preparations with great activity. The Brest fleet has been ordered to sea immediately Reported serious conflict took place on the 29th, at Togan Great loss on both sides Turks retreated to Kalafat

It is confidently announced that a manifesto, signed by Nesselrode, is expected shortly at Vienna, in which the Czar would give a final intention. A camp of 40,000 men is being formed on Sea of Marmora, near Constantinople.

Gen Guyon has commenced offensive operations in Asia against the Russians

Kalafat is invested with 60,000 Russian troops. The Czar has given orders to every fort to drive Turks out in Lower Wallachia without further delay.

PARIS, Monday—Bourse very firm: a report that the Emperor of Austria had declared he would make common cause with Western powers if the Russians crossed the Danube, produced important rise in funds

Lord John Russell stated in the House that arrangements were made between the French and English ambassadors as to the course to be taken by combinet fleet—also that the government had no reason to be dissatisfied with Count Orloff's mission to Austria: the object was to secure neutrality of Austria—in case of war, but it had failed.

VIENNA, Feb. 10.—Details of conflict at Guergero have reached us. 8000 Turks, with 9 gun boats, and four sailing vessels, crossed the Danube early in the morning, and landed near Quarantine buildings, arranging themselves in line of battle,—two battalions of Russians opened a muderous fire lasting three hours, forcing the Turks to retreat to Rustschuk. Russians also suffered severely.

The *Andes* passed the Cambria going into Liverpool.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—It is currently reported that Mr Hibbard, Representative from New Hampshire, is wavering on the Nebraska question, and has concluded not to speak on the subject. His vote is doubtful.

Senator Cooper of Pennsylvania will speak against the Nebraska bill next week.

In consequence of the death of Gen. Armstrong, it is thought that a printer to the House must be elected. *The Union* says it is willing that the administrators of Mr. Armstrong should conduct the business, or that an election should take place. Judge Nicholson is named for the office.

VIRTUE OF PETITIONS.—"Sir," said a great man at Washington, talking with a friend on the subject, "every ten signatures to a remonstrance against this bill make a pale face at Washington" Let this be remembered. Let a petition, asking that the Nebraska bill be rejected, go to Washington from every school district in the State where good faith is in credit, and the rights of the free laborer are held worthy of an honest word in their defence. Every such petition will make a pale face at Washington.

A desperate attempt is being made to prevent the passage of the Anti-Nebraska Resolutions at Madison. We hope they will succeed in defeating them, for the State of Wisconsin would be richer this day by millions, if the party hacks urging such defeat, were dead and buried in political oblivion; and we can see no better show to accomplish the end than to give them a rope.—*Grant Co Herald.*

Commendable.—Some twenty or thirty of our townsmen were on hand with their teams last Monday, and succeeded in safely removing from a distance of some 80 rods, a two story house for Wm. B. Mitchell, to occupy the place of the one which was consumed by fire last week. Our citizens have not been slow in their acts of kindness and benevolence, and it speaks well for the community in which we live.—*Ib.*

There is a general revival among miners.—We had two protracted meetings of miners last week at Lancaster, one of them holding till midnight, and with the aid of lawyers to preach and sing we had a good time.—*Grant Co. Herald.*

Holloway's Ointment and Pills—EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF A BAD LEG.—Mr. John Allen, of No. 17 Denmark street, Leicester, was afflicted with a bad foot for three years, during which time he was under medical treatment without obtaining any relief, or even mitigation to his sufferings. He was strongly advised to have his foot amputated, but this operation he positively objected to, and after lingering for some time longer in dreadful agony, he commenced using Holloway's Ointment and Pills, and by continuing these invaluable medicines for a comparatively short period he was completely cured, and his foot is now as sound as ever; he, therefore, recommends these remedies to others similarly afflicted. mar1d1w

MILWAUKEE COMMERCIAL RECORD.

Office of the Free Democrat,
MILWAUKEE, MARCH 2, 1854.

Roads in a horribly muddy condition—notwithstanding produce comes in, by teams, in large quantities.

Wheat has taken a decided fall within the last 24 hours, and the best quality this forenoon would not bring over $1,12; Club $1,08a1,10; Hedgerow 98a100.

Rye 73c. Barley 50a52c Oats 30a32c.

Pork $4,00a5,00.

MARRIAGES.

ROCHSTADTER—SHOYER,—In Philadelphia, on Wednesday, March 1st, CLARA, daughter of Mayer Shoyer, late of Milwaukee, to Mr. LEMON HOCHSTADTER, of Philadelphia.

GRAY—STEVENS.—At the Capitol House, Madison, Feb. 7th, by the Right Rev. Bishop Kemper, Hon. ALEXANDER T. GRAY, Secretary of State of Wisconsin, to Miss ANNE AUGUSTA STEVENS, late of Norwalk, Conn.

MCHOSE—YOUNG.—Feb. 27th, by Rev. J. G. Wilson, Mr. J. McHose and Miss CORDELIA A. Young, all of Milwaukee.

DEATHS.

WELLS.—In this city, Feb. 26th, HARRY L., the only son of William S. and Lucinda Wells, aged three years and seven months.

SEND DOWN THE PONY BALLS.

THE YOUNG AMERICA BOWLING SALOON IS NOW OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.—It is situated four doors below the Milwaukee House, on the first side of Main street, and is FITTED UP IN THE MOST APPROVED STYLE. And the Subscriber hopes to keep up a saloon that cannot fail to please.

Always nothing to order fine, healthy cigars, and drinks from the highest grade with the cordial.

THOS. BURNS

DAILY DEMOCRAT.

C. D. BOOTH, Local Editor.

THURSDAY:.....MARCH 2

☞ Those who want to make known what they have to sell, to people in town or country, will advertise in the FREE DEMOCRAT, as this Paper has an extensive circulation. Short stories, and to the point ☞ Send in your orders before 8 a. m., to appear in afternoon paper Terms reasonable

Local, Miscellaneous, News, &c.

☞ For Miscellany, &c., see 1st and 4th pages

WEATHER.—It rained quite smartly early this morning, and the streets are a perfect sea of mud The sky looks dark and heavy, as if we might have more rain before it clears off—The ice in the river is melting away rapidly and everything indicates a general breaking up speedily

NAVIGATION.—The Steamer Pacific is expected here from Chicago this evening, as she was to clear for Milwaukee from that port this morning We see nothing to hinder her from running between here and Chicago, at present

AGENT FOR THE SOUTHERN MICH R R LINE.—Col. B F. Peckham has been appointed agent of this road for this city He is favorably spoken of, and will open an office here in a short time

BY reference to a notice, under the appropriate head, it will be perceived, that Hon A T GRAY, Secretary of State, has at last come to the sensible conclusion that it is "not good for man to be alone," and has "taken to himself a wife"

DREDGE.—We notice that Capt HAWLEY's Dredge, lying in the river near SHEPARDSON & CO'S Warehouse, is undergoing repairs, to be in readiness for operations, as soon as the river is open

☞ The caucus for the nomination of officers for this (the 4th) Ward was held last evening, at the Railroad House, as far away from the people of the Ward, and as nearly out of the Ward as possible We don't know what the object of having it in such an out-of-the-way place, and the results of the caucus leave us still in doubt respecting it Friend BEECROFT is looking up

The following persons were nominated—

Aldermen—for 2 years, Christopher B Kindlin; 1 year, Charles Bierbach

Justice of the Peace—Haven Powers

R R Commissioner—John Sercomb

Assessor—John S Pardee.

Constable—Henry M. Beecroft

Delegates to City Convention—C B Kindlin, Chas. Bierbach, John Berrigan

The caucus in the Fifth Ward resulted as follows:

Aldermen—for 2 years, Andrew Mitchell. 1 year, J. Humphrey

Justice—Oliver Parsons

Assessor—M. Delany.

Constable—Chas Meyers

R. R Commissioner—R. Eddy

Delegates—C Holland, E De Wolf, J Barger

CIRCUIT COURT—Hon. Levi Hubbell presiding

WEDNESDAY, March 1

Geo. Southwell *vs.* The Normal Institute and High School Action on Mechanic's Lien—Lukin & Stever for pl'ff Austin & Dunn for deft. Verdict for Pl'ff, $164 00

H Camp *vs.* Thos. R Roddis Action in assumpsit Trial in progress Finch & Lynde, for pl'ff Emmons & Van Dyke, for deft

THURSDAY, March 2

Jacob Mahler et al *vs* Jas D Reymert—Action in assumpsit. Plea withdrawn and judgment for pl'ff; damages $139 82; costs $17 38. Waldo & Ody, pl'ff's att'ys. Watkins & Stark, deft's att'ys.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.—A correspondent of the Chicago Press says, of this Company:

"It is now already one of the most mammoth land owners in the whole west, and is one of the wealthiest companies in the Union That it can hold its lands to the prejudice and injury of the country no one can deny, and in all probability it will do so."

To add to the power of land monopoly in that State, the Legislature have given to two Railroad Companies the right to receive lands in payment of capital stock.

THE last Grant Co. Herald has a graphic confession on the Nebraska Bill and the Slavery question, which we must let our readers see

Mr. CODDING.—The men of Connecticut ought to know that a man of no ordinary ability is in our midst. Those who fail to hear Mr Codding when they have an opportunity will lose much Except Henry Ward Beecher and Wendell Phillips, I know of no speaker who can more completely sway an audience If he cannot compete with Mr. Beecher in his wonderful richness of imagination, nor with Mr. Phillips in his rare classic culture, he has more variety of power than either, and is not deficient, so far as I can see, in any of the points of an orator He has a wonderful faculty of magnetizing his hearers of making them see and feel as he sees and feels. In order to do this he must of course see things as they are, and feel them as they ought to be felt. This he does. He comes from the West, though originally from the East, and is a noble specimen of what the West is doing for us. We educate and send out thither our young men, and soon they come back to us men of pith and power The West educated our Beecher and *their* Codding, for Mr. C., it seems, is with us only for the winter. Now or never, then, if we would make the acquaintance of a True Man.—*Norwich (Ct.) Examiner.*

They say Mr. Douglas is going about declaring that he doesn't want to be a candidate for the Presidency at the next election. It is a work of supererogation. He might spare himself the trouble. The man who engineers the repeal of the Missouri Compromise needn't feel anxious about his future prospects. Benedict Arnold is an example on that head.—*N Y Tribune.*

The Washington correspondent of the N. Y *Express* says:

"Douglas's Nebraska Bill is receiving its death licks from the West. The New England Abolition howls are not heeded—but the western yell is becoming frightful even to the Administration."

A Bald Headed Eagle.—One of these noble "kings of the sky" was killed in town last week by Mr. Paddock of this place. It measured 7 feet 2 in. across the wings. This noble specimen can hereafter be seen in the Zoological Cabinet of the Lawrence University.—*Appleton Crescent.*

A PREDICTION.—It was predicted by Napoleon when at St. Helena, that the very next war that should come after Waterloo, would be not a war of conquest, but a war of opinion.

MEMORIAL
OF THE
MAYOR, COMMOM COUNCIL,
AND
CITIZENS OF MILWAUKEE,

REPLY TO A HYATT SMITH'S LETTER TO THE CHAIRMEN OF THE COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC LANDS, IN BOTH HOUSES OF CONGRESS

To the Honorable, the Senate, and House of Representatives of the United States:

Your Memorialists respectfully Represent:

That a Bill is now pending in Congress to grant to the State of Wisconsin for the purpose of aiding the construction of a Road from the Southern boundary of the State, *via* Janesville and Fond du Lac, to a point on Lake Superior to be designated by said State, and also for the construction of a branch from Janesville, *via* Madison, to the St. Croix River, Millions Five Hundred and Nineteen Thousand and Forty (5,019,040) acres of the Public Lands within said State, sufficient in value, at the minimum price of $1.25 per acre, to pay One Million One Hundred and Forty-Eight Thousand Eight Hundred Dollars. ($1,148,800.)

That the grant is claimed by the "Rock River Valley Union Railroad Company" for the following, among other reasons:

That such grant, by securing the speedy construction of a Road through large portions of the Public Lands, would secure the speedy sale and settlement of the alternate sections, and would be right both the people and the United States Government.

The same plea would be valid in behalf of the Lake Shore Road, running from the Southern line of the State, through Lake port Cities, to Lake Superior, and the La Crosse & Milwaukee Railroad, running from Milwaukee, *via* Port-City, to La Crosse, on the Mississippi.

That the *two* roads, which this "Rock River Valley Union Railroad" Company has been chartered to build, are *the* roads which pre-eminently demand and receive the fostering care of the Legislature and the people of Wisconsin—that these two Roads are necessary, and are *all* that are necessary, across the length of the State from North to South—that Company represents the State, and that the State is knocking at the doors of Congress as its special agent—that the charter of this Company with the express understanding on the faith that the grant of Lands, now asked for, would be made to it, and has passed "memorial after memorial in its behalf—that the citizens of this State, chiefly, subscribed $700,000 to the stock of this Company with full belief that such grant would be made, and that the Company have borrowed $2,000,000, and undertaken to construct the Roads, relying on such aid for the means of repayment, and that for the General Government now to refuse such aid would be a *violation of good faith* to the people and State of Wisconsin, "*unworthy the Government of a great confederacy of republican States, humiliating to the pride of every true-hearted American citizen,*" and "would be only a *mortifying rebuke*, but a *severe punishment* to those who have *reposed confidence* in their own Government."

We answer, that probably no State in the Union has been reckless in granting Railroad Charters as Wisconsin; within its boundaries are *fifty-three* chartered Railroad companies—several of whose roads are allowed to be run on the same lines as these Roads for which the R. R. V. U. R. Company ask their grants of land—that it has been the policy of the Legislature to grant charters for Railroads to persons asking for them, and with little or no regard to the interest of other Railroads. Thus we have three Roads chartered from the Southern boundary of the State to Lake Superior, four more from Lake Winnebago or its neighborhood to Lake Superior, and others pointing or projected in the same direction; two from Milwaukee to La Crosse, and three from Portage City to La Crosse—that the Legislature of this State has never memorialized Congress for a grant of land to Railroad purposes but *once*—on the 16th of April, 1852—that was a *general* memorial in favor of the Milwaukee & Mississippi Railroad Company, the Rock River Valley Union Railroad Company, the Milwaukee and Watertown Railroad Company, the Green Bay, Milwaukee and Chicago Railroad Company, and the Manitowoc and Mississippi Railroad Company—that this Company has obtained a notoriety, not for its superior merits, but for the pertinacity with which its agents have besieged the Halls of our State and National Legislatures—that there was no more expectation, on the part of the Legislature and people of this State, that Congress would make a grant of land to this Company, than to other Companies—that the plea of this Company in regard to *violated faith*, should Congress refuse such grant, is the sheer assumption, couched, not in the language of petition, but in terms of reproof and command, as unjust to the people of this State as it is disrespectful to Congress—and that a Company which, by its own confession, has undertaken the construction of a Road and run recklessly into debt, relying on Congress for aid to build their Road and pay their debts, has less claim upon the favorable consideration of Congress, than those Companies which have undertaken the construction of similar Roads relying upon the merits of their Roads and their own energies for their success—that the fact that the Rock River Valley Union Railroad Company have expended Two Millions Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars upon their roads—on Two Millions of which they are now paying interest—and have only 15 miles of iron rail and 5 miles of wooden rail laid in this State, leading South from Fond du Lac—which is not in operation because there is not business enough to pay the expense of running it—and but 25 miles in operation in the State of Illinois, while, for the last six months, all labor has been suspended on the road in this State, has greatly impaired public confidence in the management of this Company, and is a poor guaranty that a grant of land to this Company would be wisely expended, and proves that this Company is more of 'a stock speculation' than any similar association in the country, and that this grant will inure more to the benefit of a few individuals than to the people and State of Wisconsin.

The R. R. V. U. R. R. Company claim that there is no little opposition to this exclusive grant, that this opposition is local and sectional, is confined to Milwaukee and the lake shore towns, and that Congress should not "seek to *limit and restrict*" Wisconsin agriculturalists to Milwaukee and other towns on the lake shore.

This argument applies with greater force against Janesville and the interior towns. For if the running of this road on the line of the lake shore would restrict the agriculturalist to the lake shore towns for his market, the running of it on the interior would restrict him to the interior towns.—There is this difference in favor of the lake shore towns—that they exceed *ten-fold* in population, business and wealth, the interior towns, and are on the great natural highway for the transhipment of produce to the East, and are the points to which the business of the State naturally tends.

4. This Company further claims that to refuse them this grant would be unjust toward the people now settled, or who may settle in the middle or north-western counties, and compel them to pay tribute to the lake shore towns, for the sole reason that they are "Wisconsin towns," instead of permitting them to seek a market out of the State—at Chicago.

We answer that the people of the middle and north-western counties will be better accommodated by the La Crosse and Milwaukee, and the Lake Shore Roads, than by the Rock River Valley Union Railroad, because the distance to Chicago by these roads is less than by the Rock River Valley Union Railroad, and they will have the advantage of a choice of all the Lake Shore cities as a market, instead of being "limited and restricted," as they would be, if only the Rock River Valley Union Railroad was built, to Chicago.

5. The Rock River Valley Union Railroad Company further say "that the grants solicited are *for the State*, and *to the State*, are not absolute and final, but upon *condition* or *trust*, and are placed *under the plenary control, and at the entire disposition of the State*, to secure the performance of the condition and the fulfillment of the trusts."

We reply, the State has never authorized this Company to solicit lands in its behalf. It has memorialized Congress in favor of land grants to five Railroad Companies, before specified, but never for this Company exclusively. This grant will be claimed to be made for the Rock River Valley Union Railroad Company.

By the Bill now before your Honorable body, the State of Wisconsin has no other control but to act as trustee or agent for the disbursement of the proceeds of these lands to two roads running through and from Janesville, and the pretense that it is left to the State to determine what road or Company shall receive the benefit of such grants, is deceptive.

6. The Rock River Valley Union Railroad Company further press their claims to this grant on the ground that this road is a part—a necessary continuation—of the Great Trunk road from Mobile, through Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky, Illinois and Wisconsin, to Lake Superior and the Northwest.

We answer, that the line of the Lake Shore Railroad, from Chicago through the lake shore cities to Lake Superior, is a more natural route for the continuation of this Great Trunk road and should be preferred by the Government for three substantial reasons, viz:

1. It is considerably *shorter* than the route by the Rock River Valley Union Railroad.

2. It is of the same width of track as the Illinois Central Railroad—4 feet 8½ inches—and would form a continuous guage from Mobile to Lake Superior. While the Rock River Valley Union Railroad is constructed on a six feet guage, and would compel a break of guage and a change of cars at its junction with the Illinois Central road.

And the same reasons apply with equal force to the La Crosse and Milwaukee road, over the Janesville, La Crosse and St. Croix road.

3. It is of the highest importance that this road should be on the lake shore, accessible, at all points, to steam and sail vessels, to facilitate the transport of government troops and property from the marine of our great inland seas, at the principal harbors on Lake Michigan. But the R. R. V. U. R. R. touches this lake at but *one* point, and that, at its Southern extremity, and out of the State.

From all the lake shore cities, railroads leading across the State westward to the Mississippi, are chartered and in process of construction. From Milwaukee, a railroad is already in operation for ninety miles, at a cost of $1,800,000, and by the middle of May, will be in running order to Madison, the capital of the State—half way to the Mississippi River.

The advantage which such a connection, as the lake shore route would form with these lateral roads and with the commerce of the great lakes—now almost rivalling in magnitude our entire foreign commerce—would give for the rapid concentration of forces, in time of war, on any point along the entire route, over a road in the interior touching Lake Michigan at no point within the State, is conclusive in favor of the Lake Shore route.

We may add, that the character of the men composing the Lake Shore and La Crosse Railroad Companies, the large amount of stock subscribed by responsible citizens along the lines of these roads who have mortgaged their homesteads for the payment of these subscriptions, the amount of work already done on these roads during the brief space—but little more than a year—since active operations were commenced upon them, and the subscription of a million and a half of dollars, for these and connecting roads, by the lake shore cities in their corporate character, form a strong argument in favor of the Lake Shore and the La Crosse routes over the routes proposed by the R. R. V. U. R. R. Company, through Janesville.

Your Memorialists protest against the present Bill (S. 150) as unjust to the people of this State for the following reasons:

1. For every 20 miles of road constructed, 120 sections, or 76,800 acres of land may be appropriated. The Janesville and Lake Superior road runs more than 190 miles, and the Janesville & St. Croix road runs more than 100 miles before they reach the region of the public lands, making more than 250 miles of road to be constructed through settled and appropriated territory, and which would exhaust a million of acres of the public lands before these roads would reach them. And if the past is any index of the future, there is great reason to fear that the entire grant would be expended before the roads touched the public lands; by which great injustice would be done to the United States, and the people for whose benefit this grant is solicited. We maintain that the bill should be so amended, as to *limit the application of the proceeds of the grant to the construction of that part of the road which runs through the public lands*—say, from a point northwest of the line of the Wisconsin river and lake Winnebago.

2. This grant should be made to the State in trust, and it should be left for the State to determine to what roads, and on what routes the proceeds of this grant should be applied.—To designate Janesville as a point in these roads, is to limit the application of the grant to routes which may be disadvantageous both to the U. S. Government and to the State of Wisconsin.

3. It is unjust to the other Railroad Companies of the State, for two reasons:

(*a*) The R. R. V. U. Railroad is on a different gauge from almost all the Railroads in the State, its track being six feet wide, and the others 4 feet 8½ inches wide. And this Bill proposes an application of a large grant from the general government to a road which, by its difference of gauge, can form no connection with most of the roads in the State, and with none in the adjoining States. This is gross injustice.

(*b*) The R. R. V. U. Railroad runs over the lines of other roads for great distances. From Janesville to the Wisconsin River—a distance of *seventy miles*—it runs on the same line, side by side, with the Milwaukee and Mississippi road, 26 miles of which distance is now run over by four daily trains of cars, and 40 miles of which will be completed by the middle of May. It also runs over the lines of the La Crosse and the Lake Shore roads for long distances. The injustice of the general government, in making an exclusive grant of land to a Company to run a road on the same route with roads already partly constructed by private individuals, large numbers of whom have mortgaged their homesteads to build them, must be manifest. The general government should not thus unite with a single Company as a competitor to all the Railroad Companies of the State, and use its ample resources to destroy the prosperity and hopes of thousands of our citizens, who have invested millions of dollars in these railroad enterprises, especially when that Company, by its own confession, is *dead, without the resuscitating agency of the general government.*

For these reasons, your memorialists represent that, for all purposes contemplated by the Bill for a grant of land to this State to aid in the construction of Railroads, the roads now being built by the Lake Shore and the La Crosse Companies, known as the Green Bay, Milwaukee and Chicago Railroad Company, and the La Crosse & Milwaukee Railroad Company, are, in all repects more deserving of government aid, than the roads proposed to be built by the R. R. V. U. Railroad Company;

That an exclusive grant to that company would be unjust to the people of this State, and prejudicial to their interests;

That the application of the proceeds of this grant should be restricted to the construction of roads through the public lands;

That it should be left to the State to designate the companies and roads to which the proceeds of that grant shall be applied.

These reasonable requests, complied with, will render simple justice to all parties—to the General Government, and to the people of the State of Wisconsin.

All which is respectfully submitted.

Attest: STODDARD H. MARTIN, *Acting Mayor.*
S. C. WEST, *City Clerk.*
Milwaukee, February 27, 1854.

MONTHLY CALENDAR.

1854 ..... MARCH 1854

Days of the Month and Week	Sun rises H. M.	Sun sets H. M.	Days of the Month and Week	Sun rises H. M.	Sun sets H. M.
1..Wednesday	6 36	5 51	17..Friday	6 9	6 9
2..Thursday	6 35	5 52	18..Saturday	6 7	6 10
3..Friday	6 33	5 53	19..SUNDAY	6 6	6 11
4..Saturday	6 31	5 54	20..Monday	6 4	6 12
5..SUNDAY	6 30	5 55	21..Tuesday	6 2	6 13
6..Monday	6 28	5 56	22..Wednesday	6 0	6 14
7..Tuesday	6 26	5 57	23..Thursday	5 59	6 15
8..Wednesday	6 25	5 58	24..Friday	5 57	6 17
9..Thursday	6 23	5 59	25..Saturday	5 55	6 18
10..Friday	6 21	6 0	26..SUNDAY	5 53	6 18
11..Saturday	6 20	6 2	27..Monday	5 52	6 20
12..SUNDAY	6 18	6 3	28..Tuesday	5 50	6 21
13..Monday	6 16	6 4	29..Wednesday	5 48	6 22
14..Tuesday	6 14	6 5	30..Thursday	5 46	6 23
15..Wednesday	6 13	6 6	31..Friday	5 45	6 24
16..Thursday	6 11	6 7			

LEGISLATURE OF WISCONSIN.

Members of the Senate and Assembly.

SENATE.

District		District	
1.	H N. Smith,	14	Daniel Howell,
2	Joseph F Luy,	15.	Levi Sterling,
3.	A M. Blair,	16.	Nelson Dewey,
4	Balus Mantz,	17.	Ezra Miller,
5.	E M. Hunter,	18.	Louis P Harvey,
6	Edward McGarry,	19.	Benjamin Allen,
7.	J W Cary,	20.	Charles A Eldridge,
8	Levi Grant,	21.	Coles Bashford,
9.	George R McLane,	22.	E. B. Bowen,
10	James D Reymert,	23.	David S Vittum,
11.	T T Whittlesey,	24	Francis H. West,
12	Eleazar Wakely,	25	John Q Adams.
13.	Charl s Dunn,		

ASSEMBLY.

Adams and Sauk Counties—Cyrus C Remington.
Brown, Kewaunee and Door—Francis Desnoyer
Bad Ax and Crawford—Wm. A. Terhune.
Columet—Alexander H Hart
Chippewa and La Crosse—Wm J Gibson.
Columbia—A C Ketchum, Alfred Topliff.
Dane—C. R Head, Sam'l H Baker, Peter Mette, Harry Barns, Harlow S. Orton.
Dodge—R J Berney, George Fox, Francis McCormick, Ruel Parker, Allen H. Atwater, John W. Davis.
Fond du Lac—Martin J. Thomas, I S Tallmadge, Edward Boener, N. M. Donaldson
Grant—Lewis Rood, Wm. Hall, Miles K. Young, Wm. Jeffrey, Edward Estabrook.
Green—Abner Mitchell
Iowa—John Tony, Lemuel W Joiner
Jefferson—Charles J Bell, David Morrison, Darius Reed, Wm. Eustice, Theodore Bernhard.
Kenosha—Samuel Hale, Jesse Hooker.
Lafayette—Peter Parkinson, James H Knowlton, James H. Earnest
Marquette—Samuel McCracken.
Marquette and Waushara—Archibald Nichols.
Milwaukee—Jackson Hadley, Wm Reinhart, Edward O'Neil, Henry Beecroft, Wm. E Webster, John Tobin, Peter Lavis, Timothy Haggerty, John Crawford.
Manitowoc—James S. Kyle
Oconto, Outagamie and Waupacca—David Scott.
Ozaukee—Fred W. Horn, Milo H Wheedon.
Portage and Marathon—Walter D McIndoe.
Racine—Nelson R. Norton, Charles S. Wright, John Smith, Thomas West.
Richland—Nathaniel Wheeler.
Rock—John V. L Thomas, Samuel G. Colley, David Noggle, Joseph Spaulding.
Sheboygan—Adolphus Rosenthal, John Mattes.
St. Croix, Lapointe, &c.—Wm. M Torbert
Walworth—Simeon W Stafford, Wm. P Allen, P W. Lake, Andrew Whiting, O. F. Bartlett, P. G. Harrington
Washington—Adam Schantz, Philip Zimmermann
Waukesha—Dennis Worthington, Chauncey H. Purple, Edward Lees, Jesse Smith.
Winnebago—Corydon L. Rich, George Gary.

TO THE HAT WEARING COMMUNITY.

Spring and Summer Fashion for 1854!

WE have now ready, our SPRING STYLE of Gentlemen's Dress Hats, and we would call the attention of our customers and the public to the style and quality now manufacturing. Thankful for the liberal patronage received the past season, no pains will be spared to merit the reputation this House has gained for the quality of its manufactures.

Persons leaving their orders, can depend on getting a Hat every way suited to their taste.

BARDSLEY & SCHNEIER, Fashionable Hatters,
No. 134 East Water st., 2d door from the entrance to the U. S. Hotel. feb2

CITY MARSHAL.

I HEREBY offer myself as a Candidate for the Office of City Marshal at the coming Charter Election, and if elected will discharge the duties faithfully, and to the best of my ability. T. O'BRIEN.
Milwaukee, Feb. 20, 1854.

CITY TREASURER.

NOTICE.—The undersigned respectfully informs the Citizens of Milwaukee that he will be a Candidate for re-election to the office of City Treasurer at the ensuing Charter election.
Milwaukee, Feb. 21, 1854. A. H. JOHNSTON

TO THE PUBLIC.—At the solicitation of a large and influential portion of my fellow citizens, I am induced to offer myself as a Candidate for the office of City Marshal, at the approaching election.

By conduct as a private citizen and public officer, for the last ten years, is the best guaranty I could give for the efficient discharge of the duties of the office which I solicit.
Milwaukee, Feb. 20, 1854. JOHN MITCHELL.

CITY DIRECTORY.—I AM NOW READY, and shall commence to canvass the City of Milwaukee immediately, and shall obtain all those names which should appear in the work, with their locality for residence and for business. It is expected that in case of absence of heads of families, that servants will be directed to give the required information. Any information relative to the business of the city will be thankfully received.

Advertisers and Subscribers are respectfully solicited. Office at J. McIlvoy's Store, 138 E. Water St.
feb22 d1w J. R. VAN SLYCK, Publisher.

TOWNSEND, FINKLER & CO.,
BANKING AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN,
No. 225 East Water Street.

NEW YORK AND EASTERN EXCHANGE, and Exchange on all the Principal Cities of Europe, for sale at the lowest market rates. Money Loaned and Business Paper purchased and negotiated. The highest market price paid for City, County and Railroad Orders, &c. Bills and Notes collected without charge and remitted on monthly rates.

Interest allowed on Deposites in the savings bank per annum. Premiums paid for Gold and Silver Coin, Foreign and Eastern bank bills and coin. Gold and Silver Coin bought. Eastern Currency taken for collections. feb22d1y

BULLETIN EXTRAORDINARY!

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of Gentlemen's Plain and Ventilated Wigs, on hand, to be sold at prices to suit the times. Also all kinds of HAIR WORK made to order, at the shortest possible notice.

Cash paid for Human Hair.

Warm, Cold, and Shower Soft Water Baths, at all hours. J W GRAY
jan6

NEW BOOKS BY EXPRESS — This day received—Hot Corn, Little Ferns, Whig Almanac, Round of Stories, by Dickens, Priscilla, Portland, Lonny Lockwood, John, Barnes Notes on Revelation, Christian Harmony, Shady Side, Fern Leaves, Hearth Stone, Boy Moments of Idle Women, &c., &c.

Also, *Pasted Slat's Annual Digest for 1854* and Lamp Delle For real Work, by Sargent.
A. WHITE MORE & CO.
feb 22

NEW YORK CRYSTAL PALACE.
EXHIBITION OF 1854.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Crystal Palace remains open, and that the Exhibition of 1854 will be as attractive and brilliant as that of the past year.

In the several Departments of ART, SCULPTURE, MACHINERY, MINERALOGICAL CABINET, RAW PRODUCE, and MANUFACTURED ARTICLES, the attractions of the Exhibition are such, as to be worthy of the most careful examination

In Sculpture.

The Colossal Equestrian Statue of Washington, by Mercheti; the Amazon, by Kiss, our Savior and his Apostles, by Thorwaldsen; and upward of Three Hundred original works in marble and bronze, by the first Artists of the country and Europe

In Painting.

The Gallery contains over Six Hundred Paintings by the principal Artists of both hemispheres It is by far the most extensive ever opened to the American public.

The Mineralogical Cabinet,

Organized by Professor Silliman, and collected from every part of the United States and Europe, exhibits the vast mineral resources of the world, and is one of the finest in the country

The Machine Arcade

Contains upward of Three Hundred Machines in motion, many of which are among the most wonderful specimens of human ingenuity.

The Agricultural Department,

Organized by Col. B P Johnson, contains hundreds of specimens of the most curious and valuable implements used in this peculiarly American branch of Industry

The Government of the United States

Has contributed Instruments from the Coast Survey Office, and the arms of the Union. And through the kindness of

Foreign Governments,

The choicest productions of the Royal Factories of Europe are here exhibited. Porcelain from Sevres and Dresden, Ancient Arms and Armor from the Tower of London, of the highest interest; Mosaics from the Workshops of the Vatican, together with countless objects from Turkey, Japan, Syria and the Holy Land, Egypt, and the different Countries of Europe, North and South America.

All these are contained in a Building of unequalled beauty, and of dimensions far exceeding any other in the United States

Circulars, with further particulars, will be furnished on application to the Secretary of the Association, Crystal Palace, New York. feb23d1tm

DRY GOODS AT COST!!
(TILL MARCH FIRST.)
NOW IS THE TIME FOR BARGAINS:
AT NO 11 SPRING STREET, MILWAUKEE

R. D JENNINGS will sell out his large Stock of Goods at cost, to make room for Spring Goods.

Flannels, Cloths, Satinets, Shawls, Hosiery, House keeping Goods, and every kind of staple Goods, at Cost and transportation.

A splendid assortment of DRESS GOODS, Embroideries, White Goods, Ribands, Gloves, and a great variety of Fancy Goods, at *NEW YORK COST* for the next 30 days.

Country Merchants and Pedlers, whose stocks need sorting up, would do well to give us a call

Terms, Cash.
feb6d1m R. D JENNINGS, 11 Spring Street

CITY BOOK BINDERY!
—AND—
PAPER RULING ESTABLISHMENT!

THE SUBSCRIBER is now prepared to execute all kinds of Book-Binding in a Neat and Durable Style Magazines, Pamphlets, Periodicals, Music, Newspapers, Old Books, &c, bound to order

BLANK BOOK BINDING.

He will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of BLANK BOOK PAPER from the best Mills in the country, suitable for large Blank Books for Banks, Railroad Companies, Merchants, Insurance Offices, &c, &c

All Work warranted to Please.

Persons wishing anything in our line, will please call at 219 East Water Street, over Knaeblad & Hall's Bank E. QUIN,
feb22d1m Late Foreman at H. Niedecken's

WISCONSIN WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
1854.} {1854.
CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS HOUSE!
S. J. MATHER,
205 East Water Street, Milwaukee,
—LUDINGTON'S BLOCK—

HAS on hand, and for sale by the PACKAGE, or repacked to order, a LARGE STOCK of

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,
AT EASTERN PRICES ALSO,
GOLD BAND AND WHITE CHINA,
IN SETS, OR BY THE PIECE.

Lamps, Looking-Glasses, Table Cutlery, Gas Fixtures, &c.

Hotel Keepers, Merchants and others, will find this the BEST STOCK TO SELECT FROM IN THE STATE.

All Ware carefully packed for the Country Trade
jan2 S. J MATHER, 205 East Water st.

BIRDSARD & MCKAY,
MANUFACTURERS OF, AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
BOOTS AND SHOES.
No. 203 West Water Street, Milwaukee,
(Opposite the Methodist Episcopal Church.)

Have always on hand a complete assortment, and are prepared to manufacture everything in their line of the BEST MATERIAL, on the shortest notice, and in a style unsurpassed for neatness and durability by any establishment in this city

They promise entire satisfaction in the execution of all orders entrusted to their care, and all they ask is a trial.

Give them a call and judge for yourselves, as they feel confident that a continuation of your favors will follow.

Remember the place—No 203 West Water Street, opposite the Methodist Episcopal Church. feb22d1y

THOMAS VAUK,
(from New York,)
Window Shade Manufacturer and Sign Painter,
22 Mason Street, Milwaukee,
OPPOSITE THE CITY HOTEL.

He has on hand a good assortment of the latest and best styles of washable Transparent Window Shades. Store Shades and Screens made at the shortest notice, and all kinds of Shades made to order.

Business signs on Shades for I. O. of O. F., I. O. of R., S. of T., &c. Also, Sign Painting. sep19

WHY HAVE SORE EYES?

WHY HAVE SORE EYES, OR CHEEL-BLAINS, OR ANY SIMILAR SORE?

Use Prentice's Sanitarian Eye Salve. Follow directions on wrapper. Warranted. 25 cts per box.

REMEMBER SORE MOUTH—CANKERS—CHRONIC SORES—

When such exist A vast amount of misery follows.

Use Prentice's Sanitarian Mouthwash. 25 cts a bottle.

To be had, wholesale and retail, in Sheboygan & Milwaukee, Chicago, Toledo, Detroit, Buffalo, Cleveland, Ottawa, and all Druggists of Milwaukee. jan28d1y

R. P. FLANDREAU,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Water Street, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin.

Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to him, and will purchase and sell Real Estate. feb22d1y

THE FAR-FAMED MEDICINE!
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS!

THESE PILLS being composed entirely of the vegetable herbs are of a most harmless nature, while the extraordinary virtues they possess have rendered them universally popular in nearly every part of the world. The immense success they have met with throughout the States is most extraordinary, owing, it is presumed, to their wonderful efficacy in the cure of Bilious complaints and disorders of the Liver and Stomach Persons who persevere in using them in accordance with the directions, seldom fail in being restored to health

Weakness and Debility.—Restoration to Health of a Gentleman, aged 47, when at Death's Door

Copy of a Letter from the Rev Charles Smith, dated Norton, St Philips, near Bath, Somersetshire, Aug 17, 1853

To Professor Holloway:—

Sir A Mr Joseph Paxtine, formerly a resident of this place had been in a declining state of health for upward of three years, gradually wasting away to a shadow by nightly perspirations and want of appetite, which caused great uneasiness to his friends as he had consulted various medical men in Bath without effect He at last used your Pills, and under Providence was restored to health by their means. He lately emigrated to New York, and has just written to say, that he was never better in health, and desired me to acquaint you with the circumstances I ought also to mention, that my wife had derived great benefit from the use of your Pills

I remain, sir, yours respectfully,
CHAS. SMITH, Dissenting Minister

A Permanent Cure of a Diseased Liver, of Many Years Duration.

Copy of a Letter from Mr Gamis Chemist, Yeovil, to Professor Holloway

Dear Sir In this district your Pills command a more extensive sale than any other proprietary medicine before the public As a proof of their efficacy in Liver and Bilious Complaints, I may mention the following case A lady of this town, with whom I am personally acquainted, for years was a severe sufferer from disease of the Liver and digestive organs Her medical attendant assured her that he could do nothing to relieve her sufferings, and it was not likely she could survive many months This announcement naturally caused great alarm among her friends and relation, and they induced her to make a trial of your Pills, which so improved her general health that she was induced to continue them until she received a perfect cure This was twelve months ago, and she has not experienced any symptoms of relapse, and often declares that your Pills have been the means of saving her life

I remain, Dear Sir, yours truly,
July 24d, 1851 (Signed) J GAMIS

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints

Ague	Dropsy	Inflammation	Sore Throats
Asthma	Dysentery	Jaundice	Stone & gravel
Bilious Complaints	Erysipelas	Liver Complaints	Secondary symptoms
Blotches on the skin	Female Irregularities	Lumbago	The Destructive
Bowel complaints	Fevers of all kinds	Piles	Tumors
Colics	Fits	Rheumatism	Ulcers
Consumption	Gout	Retention of Urine	Venereal Affections
Costiveness	Head ache	Scrofula or King's Evil	Worms of all kinds
Dropsy	Indigestion		

Weakness from whatever cause, &c, &c

Sold at the establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and also at his House in New York Orders for Medicines to the States, addressed "T HOLLOWAY, New York," will receive due attention Sold also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States, in Boxes at 37½ cts., 87 cts and $1 50 cts each To be had Wholesale of the principal Drug houses in the Union.

There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box. jel5-d1y eow

R. JOHNSON, Jr., Agent for Wisconsin of Holloway's Medicines, 151 East Water-street, Milwaukee.

JAMES G. BATTERSON'S
STEAM MARBLE WORKS,
333 North Main Street, Hartford, Conn.

JAMES G BATTERSON has constantly on hand, or manufactured to order—

Monuments, Head Stones, Tomb Tables, &c, in every variety of design and adapted for execution in American and Italian Marble, Free Stone or Granite

Mantles—In Statuary, Fyrenees, Lisbon, Irish, Brocatelle and Serene Marble, many of which are richly carved and from the most beautiful designs.

Tessalated Tiling—Floors in Marble, and Minton's Encaustic Tiling, from new and elegant patterns, and laid in the most approved manner

Garden Statuary—Urns, Fountains, &c, furnished to order.

Builder's Materials—Builders supplied with every description of Work in Brown Stone, and on short notice.

Carving and Ornamental Work—in every style and by superior workmen.

The additional facilities afforded by Steam Power and Machinery for sawing and polishing stone, enable us to produce the most perfect work, and in the shortest possible time 190tf

NEW AND POPULAR MUSIC!
AT H N. HEMPSTEAD'S MUSIC STORE,
175 East Water Street.

NEW SONGS.

We are Coming, Sister Mary, Mary Across Spring-time the Heart, Kitty Crowe, The Wind is a Rocker, Lily Bell, Cleon and I, Go and ask my Mother, Guardian Spirits, Katy-did Song, Always with me, When other Friends are round thee, Wert thou to speak farewell, Childhood's Dreams, Take me home, &c., &c

NEW WALTZES, POLKAS, &c.

Catawba Waltz, Chimes Polka, My old Kentucky home, with variations, Banjo Dance by Gottschalk, Marie Polka, Musical Rockets by Strakosch, Royal Schottisch, Express Gallop, Morning Glory Polka, Peri Polka, Gipsey Girl's Dream Waltz, Fascination Waltz, Honeymoon Schottisch, &c, &c

All of Jullien's celebrated Musical Compositions, as performed by his Grand Orchestra at Castle Garden.

New Music received as soon as published.

Orders from the country promptly attended to

Agency for Bourdeau & Gray's celebrated Piano Fortes, with the Dolce Campana Attachment. dec19

SOMETHING NEW!
At No. 239 East Water Street, Milwaukee,
OPPOSITE THE CITY HOTEL
J. HARDY,
Importer and Wholesale Dealer in every Variety of
SHEFFIELD CUTLERY,
CONSISTING OF
Table Knives and Forks, Spring Knives, Razors, Scissors, &c., &c.,
Of Approved Make and Superior Quality

J H, having Sons in Sheffield, England, engaged in the Cutlery Business, he is enabled to receive Cutlery direct from there, and to supply Western Merchants with articles of superior quality on the most reasonable terms.

He has a large and well-assorted Stock on hand, and is constantly receiving additions, to replace sales.

Call and examine for yourselves.
dec17 d6tf J HARDY

TO MY AMERICAN FRIENDS,
WHO ARE STUDYING THE GERMAN LANGUAGE,

I would recommend for Holiday Gifts, my most exquisite stock of GERMAN LITERATURE I only mention here—

GOETHE'S COMPLETE WORKS, latest edition Poems—Faust—Hermann and Dorothea
SCHILLER'S WORKS. Poems
HERDER'S COMPLETE WORKS Cid
Lessing's, Uhland's, Platen's, Freiligrath's Poems.
Ladislaus Pyrker's Rudolphias and Tuskiea.
Niebelungenlied.
Footscher Hausschatz des Deutschen Volkes, (Poetics Treasury of the German Nation)
Auerbach's Dorfgeschichten
Tales of Grimm, Claudius, and of many others, too numerous to enumerate them—writings quite adapted to make the scholar acquainted with the profoundness, richness, beauty and spirit of this language

Just received, a selection—almost 300 kinds—of READY MADE LEAVES.

An assortment of Toys, Carved Figures, &c., &c.
dec23 C OTT, 275 Market Square

HENRY NIEDECKEN,
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER,
Book-Binder, Ruler and Stationer,
AND DEALER IN
PICTURES AND PICTURE FRAMES.
NEWS AND BOOK INK FOR SALE
Next door north of the Post Office. oct13-d1y

A WRITTENBECK & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,
And Manufacturers of every description of
BLANK ACCOUNT BOOKS,
No. 197 East Water Street, Milwaukee
dec16] MARTIN'S BLOCK. [d1y

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
Madison, - - - - - - - - - Wisconsin.

THE PROPRIETOR has furnished this Hotel more throughout, and his Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords.

The public patronage is respectfully solicited.
feb22d1y G. BUCKLEY.

E. GELLESPIE,
Wholesale Agent, nearly Opposite the Post Office, Milwaukee, is constantly on hand, for the Country Merchants, generally,
Groceries, Provisions, Produce, &c.
The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

[illegible]
West Water Street, (near Juneau Street Bridge,)
feb22 Milwaukee.

"Pray Without Ceasing."

Thou sailest on life's ocean,
Where billows dash so drear,
And waves in wild commotion,
Fill many a heart with fear.
But let no fear come o'er thee,
Make Christ thy help and stay,
And ever, without ceasing,
[illegible] to watch and pray

There's trouble, care, and anguish,
Be thick upon thy path,
And [illegible] languish,
The [illegible] unholy wrath
Remember still the Savior,
Who's dark and sad thy way,
And in thy deep affliction
Longer not thou to pray

So when the clouds are breaking
Or pleasant is thy sky
And more cares are taking,
And seldom sighs thy [illegible]
[illegible] to thy [illegible]
And live from day to day,
With Christ in sweet union,
And ever to pray

And thus when duty urges,
Do thou it [illegible] revere,
Although the mighty surges
Would hinder thy career,
Let nothing ever deter thee,
And make thee no delay,
Could angels still [illegible]
Unto him ever pray

This practice [illegible] real,
And Christ will be thy friend,
And in the hour of trial,
[illegible] with thee to the end
And then in glorious raiment,
Will hast'n you away,
To live and reign forever,
And never, never pray

The [illegible] a well known barrister was [illegible] at the bar. Among other [illegible] things, he said that he recollected to have heard of a relentless judge who was never known to [illegible] but once, and that was during the representation of the "Beggars' Opera" when Macheath got a reprieve!

1853. CONTINUATION 1853.

of the Greatest Bargains in Dry Goods, ever offered in this City!

THE NEW YORK CHEAP CASH STORE,
194 West Water Street,

[illegible] from all parts of [illegible]

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods,

[illegible] the most fashionable [illegible] stock of

New and Elegant Full Dress Goods,

[illegible] *Beautiful* [illegible] Black Silk, [illegible]

New and Choice French and English Merinoes,

[illegible] Queen's [illegible] will be [illegible] beautiful.

Elegant Rich De Laines,

[illegible] Dress Goods suitable [illegible]

Long and Square Shawls,

[illegible] Paul, Brochie, [illegible] Silk Velvets for Cloaks, of [illegible] Also, a large stock of Navy Velvet [illegible]

Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,

[illegible] which were bought three months ago, [illegible] by our Lewis & Mack in Paris, and came to the city of Troy from France, at [illegible] with [illegible]

Fancy Goods of Various Kinds,

[illegible] Pocket Hdkfs, Lace Veils, Crayats, Gloves, Lace Mitts, Brooches, Hosiery and Trimmings in great variety and at extraordinary low prices.

Embroideries of every description, we have the largest stock in the city.

Gingham and Calicoes in unusually early and most beautiful styles, from 6¼ cts upward.

Housewife and Family Goods,

such as Linen and Cotton Sheetings, Shirtings, Table Damasks, Napkins, Towels, Towelings and Crashes, Diapers, and in fact everything in Dry Goods suitable for a

Lady's Wardrobe, or House Furnishing,

which we may and bought of the most celebrated cheap stores in New York and Boston.

☞ Goods sent to any part of the city gratis.

MACK, CLTTINGER & CO.,
[illegible] No 194 West Water st., Milwaukee.

P. S.—Merchants, Milliners and Pedlars supplied at New York jobbing prices, and it will be their advantage to call on us before purchasing elsewhere.

NEW ARRIVAL OF DRY GOODS!!

LUDINGTON & GRIDLEY,
203 East Water Street, - - Milwaukee.

HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED,

by Express and Railroad, a large and splendid lot of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

which they will sell at prices as low as to give general satisfaction. Among which are —

10 pieces French Merinoes, all colors and prices
15 do Plaid Silks,
[illegible] do Plaid Merinoes all wool,
200 do Muslins de Laines,
2000 do Calico, from 6¼ to 12½ cts per yard,
50 do Linen and Lawn Lawns,
25 do White do
50 W'd Long Shawls,
10 bales Sheetings,
10 do Tickings,
5 cases Striped Shirtings,
[illegible] do Prints,
10 do Bleached Shirtings;

And all the kinds of Dry Goods in proportion—all of which have been bought for Cash or on short time.

We say we CAN and WILL sell as CHEAP as the CHEAPEST, and at ONE PRICE, and One Price only. Call and examine for yourselves.

IN ADDITION to our large and general assortment of Dry Goods may be found

In that Basement Room,
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF GROCERIES!

AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

and will be sold for particular regard to the wants of family supplies.

Teas, Sugars, Coffees, Spices of all grades, Spices, Jellies, Preserves, Pickles, Cranberries, and, in fact, ALL the little articles that go to make up a full assortment. Will be found, at all times,

Pork, Flour, Salmon, Mackerel, Codfish,
WHITE FISH, SALT, BUCKWHEAT AND RYE FLOUR, INDIAN MEAL, &c., &c.

dec 20 LUDINGTON & GRIDLEY,
283 East Water street.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

OFFICE OF THE LA CROSSE & MIL. R. R. CO.,
MILWAUKEE, January 19, 1854.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the following additional installments are required to be paid on all subscriptions to the Capital Stock of the La Crosse & Milwaukee Railroad Company viz: Ten per centum of the amount of all Stock subscribed by persons residing east of Wisconsin River, payable on the first day of February next; and Ten per cent. on all such Stock, payable on the first day of June next. Also, on all Stock subscribed by persons residing west of Wisconsin River, the following installments, viz: Five per cent. payable on the first day of March next, Five per cent. payable on the first day of June next, and Ten per cent. payable on the first day of October next. The said payments to be made at the office of the Treasurer of the Company, in the city of Milwaukee.

By order of the Board of Directors,
jan21 d&awtwtoct1 LEVI BURNELL, Sec'y.

BOOTH'S INK FOR SCHOOLS.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., Aug. 29, 1853.

W. W. BOOTH:

Dear Sir—I feel myself to be under weighty obligations to you for the dozen bottles of your *Superior Black Ink*, which are being used in my school, with most gratifying satisfaction. We hear not that common complaint of "poor pens," which we so often hear where an inferior or ordinary article of ink is used. This not its jetty, black, and adhesive smooth surface, alone, that gives it a superiority over other articles of the same name, but the readiness with which it always flows from the pen, and the property which effectually prevents a blotted page from corroding, under all ordinary circumstances. I can most cheerfully recommend its introduction into our primary schools as being precisely adapted to the use of children.

Respectfully Yours, &c.,
J. O. SELDON, *Principal of Saginaw Union Academy, East Saginaw, Mich.*

To W. W. Booth, *Druggist, Pontoosuc, Mich.*

☞ Sold wholesale and retail by AXROLD & WILSON, [illegible] Street, Milwaukee.

dlwawtw1y

[illegible] Sold by HALL'S.

BEAUTIFUL PRESENTS FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEARS!!

MAY BE FOUND AT

H. P. PECK'S,

140 United States Block, East Water St.,
—MILWAUKEE—

COMPRISING the largest and richest assortment of

Embroideries,	Ladies' Cloth Talmas,
Laces,	Shawls,
Mantillas,	Hosiery,
Dress Goods,	Worsted Goods, &c.,

a Wreath

Embroideries and Laces for Presents.

Lace and Muslin Embroidered Capes, Berthas, Lace Points, Undersleeves, Horton, Maltese, Mallne, English Thread and Muslin Collars Undersleeves, Muslin and Cambric Bands, rich embroidered and plain Linen Cambric Hdkfs, with a great variety of Fine Needlework and Laces, all at LOW PRICES.

RICH DRESS GOODS,

Rich Plaid Gros Grain and Brocade Silks, elegant high colors, mode and black, plain and figured, Canton Dress Crapes, Merino Plaids, Francais de Paradise, Imperial, French Mohairs, Cashmeres and De Laines, with a beautiful assortment of Evening Dress Goods.

Black Silks.

Lyons and Watered Black Silks, which have gained the reputation of being the most perfect Silks to wear, having an unusually fine and beautiful lustre.

MOURNING GOODS.

Plain and Watered Black Grenadines, Barages, Tissues, Mode Lanes, Lapins, Bombazines, Canton Cloths, Silk Warp Alpacas, Black Canton Crapes, India Black and White Silks, English Crapes, and all the numerous articles required in mourning.

Broadcloth Talmas, Shawls, &c.

Elegant New Styles Cloaks, Shawls and Mantillas, Embroidered Opera Mantillas, Lace and Silk, Ladies Cloth and Velvet Silk Velvets for Talmas and Cloaks.

Hosiery, Gloves & Ribbons.

Ladies can always find at this establishment, the **Largest Variety** and most desirable styles in English, French and German, Ladies' Gentlemen and Children's Hose.

Alexander's and Bowen & McNamee's Extra heat Light and Dark Kid Gloves, Silk Lisle Thread, Black netts Gloves and Mitts for Ladies and Children.

WHITE GOODS.

Embroidered, Colored and White Dress Muslins, fine Swiss, India, Book, Soft Mull, Bishop Lawns and Jaconet Cambrics.

FINE FLANNELS.

Ladies can always find the finest and most select qualities of superfine *Real Welsh*, Gauze, Silk and Saxony, white and colored, 3-4, 4-4 and 5-4 widths. Colored Royal, Silesia Bannels, for Ladies' Sacks.

HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES.

Linens of the most celebrated manufacture—Richardson's Nicholson's and Hunter's best qualities, and patterns recently on hand, the purest, genuine article, comprising Damask Linens, Shirtings, 5-4 Pillow case do, 8-4, 10-4 and 12-4 Linen Sheetings, Superfine Table Damask and Cloths 6-8, 10-4 and 12-4 widths, white and brown; also Allendale 10-4, brown and bleached Cotton and Pillow Case, Huckaback, Crash, brown and bleached; Scotch, Russia and Birdseye Diaper and Toweling, brown and bleached Damask Doylies and Napkins; Piano and Table Covers, Brocade cloth, Worsted and Cotton, Worsted Damask and Waterproof Morseens, Turkey Red plain and printed Curtain Damasks, 10-4, 12-4 Counterpanes and Quilts, Cords and Tassels, Buff Linens, 4-4 and 5-4, for Window Shades. It is the intention of the subscriber to keep a full assortment of the numerous articles required in housekeeping Goods.

CLOTHS.

Cassimeres, Broadcloths, Satinetts, Tweeds, &c.,

DOMESTIC GOODS.

This department will be continually supplied with the best quality and styles of brown and bleached Shirtings, Shirting Stripes, Denims, Blue Drills, Apron Checks, Nankeens, Drills, Ticklings, Flannels, Cotton Yarn and Warp, Batting, Wadding, &c., with a great variety and style of

Domestic Ginghams, Prints and Calicoes.

Also, a LARGE STOCK of

CARPETINGS, DRUGGETS, RUGS, DOOR MATS AND OIL CLOTHS.

Tapestry Velvet, Brussels, Hand Loom, Ingrain, Three-Ply and Two-Ply Carpets, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 India Mattings, Floor Oil Cloths, all widths. The Medal Prize Patterns from the World's Fair, *may be seen at*

dec16 H. P. PECK'S, 140 East Water st.

1853. FALL TRADE. 1853.

DRY GOODS AT WHOLESALE.

OVER ONE THOUSAND PACKAGES.

Just received and opening by

BRADFORD BROTHERS,
No. 155 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

THIS IMMENSE STOCK OF DRY GOODS has been purchased directly from first hands and at Auction, in original Package lots. Our stock consists of

British, French and Domestic Dry Goods,

which have been selected with the greatest care, under the most favorable circumstances. The great object in view is to *sell the largest quantity of goods for the smallest possible profit.*

INTERIOR MERCHANTS,

will find it to their advantage to examine our Stock before going into the Eastern Markets; by so doing, they can save their traveling expenses, time, and interest on stock while in transit.

Below we enumerate a few of the goods to be found in our stock, viz

5 cases Sheep's Gray cloth,
10 do Satinetts, all qualities,
10 do Kentucky Jeans,
6 do Plaid and Plain Linseys,
4 do Red twilled flannels,
3 do Red plain do
6 do White, yellow and green flannels,
75 bales brown sheetings,
20 do black and white w'd'n'gs,
20 do cotton wick,
25 do twine,
5 do colored carpet yarn,
10 do mariner's stripes,
15 do tickings,
2 cases FANCY CASSIMERES,
2 do BLACK do
00 Woolen Long and Square Shawls,
2 cases BLACK BROADCLOTHS,
150 pieces Irish Linens,
100 do crash do
125 do muslin de laines,
175 do Scotch ginghams,
5 cases black and colored cambrics,
1 do Silesias,
10 do bleached cottons,
20 do fast colored prints,
5 do English and American ginghams,
5 do black and colored alpacas,
2 do twills,
2 do [illegible]
4 do [illegible]

Also, Bard, Hook and Swiss Mulls, Jaconet Cambrics, Buttons, Thread, Hooks and Eyes, Suspenders, Buck Mitts and Gloves, Pins, Needles, and Whalebones; and every other article kept by country merchants.

oct3 BRADFORD BROTHERS

MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI EXPRESS COMPANY.

THE UNDERSIGNED would once more announce to the public that they still continue to run a Daily Express from Milwaukee to Janesville, and from Janesville to Milwaukee, leaving Milwaukee every evening, and Janesville every morning, touching at intermediate stations. They send a trusty agent over the Road daily, who will receive and deliver all goods and packages that may be entrusted to his care. The undersigned are confident that it will be for the interest of merchants, farmers, mechanics and others, who may wish to purchase goods at Milwaukee, or send packages of any description to any point on the Road, to entrust their business to them, who, for a reasonable charge, will faithfully and without delay, transact their business, and thus save them time and expense. In consequence of our intimate acquaintance with the various points to which goods and packages have been directed, and the carefulness of our Agents, we have not lost a single package, nor incurred any loss in consequence of goods being damaged, during the time we have been engaged in the business.

oct18 tf JAMES HOLTON & CO.

ROWE & CO.'S OYSTER DEPOT,

BASEMENT OF PHŒNIX BUILDING, DIRECTLY UNDER THE TELEGRAPH OFFICE.

The Subscribers are Sole Agents for this City and State for the sale of the *famous Oysters of Rowe & Co.*, of New Haven, Conn., and intend keeping a full supply. Those in want of large or small quantities, may be sure to find them here, warranted in good order, as we receive shipments direct from head-quarters every other day.

☞ Remember, that while these Oysters are warranted to be good as the best, they are to be sold as cheap as the cheapest.

☞ Country dealers and teamsters are particularly invited to give us a call.

KENNEDY & BELDEN.
Milwaukee, Dec. 14, 1853. dec16tf

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

DON'T FORGET THE BOOKSTORES, when you are looking up Presents, for they all have made ample preparation to accommodate the public, especially at *A. Whitmore & Co.'s.* They have samples of the best, most beautiful and choice works issued during the last year, and offer them at wholesale, to retailers, at prices somebody's cheapest. Call at

A. WHITTEMORE & CO.'S,
197 East Water street.

NEW ORLEANS SUGARS.

P. W. BADGLEY & CO. have now in store 200 hhds. New Orleans Sugars, just received direct from New Orleans, which they are prepared to sell at low figures.

P. W. BADGLEY & CO.,
dec19lm 107 and 109 East Water st.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF BOOKS, &c., suitable for the Holidays, both in the Plain or Elegant Bindings, a variety of Popular Books and Annuals, for the Holidays, Bibles, Prayer Books, Portable Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Pocket Books and Pocket Memorandums, Portfolios, Pearl, Ivory and Morocco Folio Blanks, Gold Pens and Gold Cases, &c., &c., may be found at 183 East Water st. dec23 HALL & PIERCE.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

CIRCULAR
TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.

New and Important Arrangement, ensuring Speed and Comfort to those who favor this line with their patronage.

Three Trains Daily—Sundays Excepted!

1st, **Lightning Express,** leaves Chicago at 6 A. M., connecting at Cleveland at 7½ P. M., with those new and splendid steamers, CRESCENT CITY and QUEEN OF THE WEST, direct for Buffalo—connecting also at Sandusky with those new and splendid steamers, MISSISSIPPI and ST. LAWRENCE, at 4½ A. M., for Buffalo direct, arriving in time for the early morning trains east.

2d, **Express and Mail,** leaves Chicago at 12½ P. M., connecting at Toledo, with Michigan Southern Railroad line steamers, which leave Toledo at 4½ A. M., for Monroe and Buffalo.

3d, **Telegraph Express,** leaves Chicago at 8½ P. M., connecting at Monroe next morning with the favorite steamers NORTHERN INDIANA, SOUTHERN MICHIGAN and EMPIRE STATE, *direct* for Buffalo, arriving in time for the 11 o'clock train east via New York Central Railroad.

Ten hours less time than by any other R. R. or Lake Route.

Distance by Mich. Central R. R. and Lakes to Buffalo,	549 miles.
Distance by Mich. Southern R. R.,	485 "
In favor of the route by this line,	64 "

Northern Indiana, - - Capt. J. T. Pheatt, Leaves Toledo and Monroe, Leaves Buffalo, — Tuesdays and Fridays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Southern Michigan, - - Capt. A. D. Perkins, Leaves Toledo and Monroe, Leaves Buffalo, — Mondays and Thursdays, Tuesdays and Fridays.

Empire State, - - - Capt. J. Wilson, Leaves Toledo and Monroe, Leaves Buffalo, — Wednesdays and Saturdays, Mondays and Thursdays.

☞ Besides the above Boat connections, which this Line offers, there are Three Daily Railroad connections to all important points throughout the Eastern and Middle States.

Such facilities have never before been offered to the Traveling Public, comprising the entire fleet of new steamers on Lake Erie, built with all the modern improvements, with a view to Speed, Safety and Comfort, superior to any steamers afloat in the world.

Only one Train on Sunday—leaves at 8 1-2 o'clock P. M.

☞ Railroad time is 15 minutes faster than Chicago time.

☞ Passengers are particularly requested to procure Tickets before taking the boat.

☞ Office in the U. States building, one door north of the main entrance, East Water street, Milwaukee.

☞ CLEMENT'S line steamers, Arctic and Traveler, run in connection with this line between Milwaukee and Chicago. Passengers should procure their tickets at the office and save local fare.

sept7 WM. BROWN, Jr., Agent.

NEW ARRANGEMENT!

1853.

CLEMENT'S LINE OF

UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS

TRAVELER, - - - - - - Capt. C. R. Cooper,
ARCTIC, - - - - - - - Capt. S. G. Butler,

WILL run a daily line between CHICAGO, WAUKEGAN, KENOSHA, RACINE, MILWAUKEE and SHEBOYGAN, for the season of 1853, and will run in connection with the MICHIGAN SOUTHERN & NORTHERN INDIANA, and MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROADS.

The proprietor offers to the public the above first class Low Pressure Steamers, believing they will make a prompt and reliable line. They are fitted up in conformity with the new U. S. law regulating steamers, and the public are assured that the usual police arrangements have been made with reference to the comfort of passengers.

To Shippers they offer (aside from a daily communication,) the fact that the agent at Chicago is ready, upon proper proof being furnished, to pay promptly for any loss or damage sustained by property while in the possession of this line of Steamers.

N. B.—No Through Tickets sold on the Boats.

S. CLEMENT, Proprietor.
may11 KELLOGG & STRONG, Agents.

GREAT ATTRACTION, AT OTT'S BOOKSTORE

No 275 East Water street, Milwaukee

The subscriber has just received, direct from Germany and France, the largest and choicest collection of Fancy Goods of every variety, ever imported into this city, including the following, viz:

Toys, Portfolios, Monnias, Purses, Jewelries, &c.

Thus affording the citizens of Milwaukee and vicinity an opportunity of selecting from an extensive stock. All the articles will be sold at the lowest possible prices for cash.

The public are respectfully invited to call, that seeing they can judge for themselves.

C. OTT,
may1 Importer of Fancy Goods and Toys.

CHANCERY SALE.

William Jones, vs Frank Raymond, Martha Raymond and Nathan'l B. Holman, as Trustee for Martha Raymond.	Circuit Court for Milwaukee County—In Equity.

AUSTIN & DUNN,
Complts. Solrs.

IN pursuance and by virtue of a decretal order made on the 27th day of January, A. D. 1854, in the above entitled cause, I shall expose for sale, and sell at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday the 1st day of April, A. D. 1854, at 2 o'clock P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, to wit: All the following lot of land situated in Walker's Point, in the city of Milwaukee, state of Wisconsin, known and described as that part of lot two (2), in block ten (10), included within the following boundaries, to wit, commencing at the northeast corner of said lot two, running thence west along the south line of Lake street thirty feet, thence south to a point on the south line of said lot two ninety feet west of and from the southeast corner of said lot, thence east along the south line of said lot to the southeast corner thereof, thence north along the east line of said lot to the place of beginning, excepting and reserving from the above described land that piece therefrom deeded to Thaddeus R. Austin by N. B. Holman, Trustee, &c., by deed bearing date 10th of April, 1848, recorded in the Register's Office of Milwaukee County the 10th day of April, A. D. 1848, in Vol. 24 of Deeds, pages 57 and 58.

H. L. PAGE, Sheriff.
Deputy Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, Feb 16, 1853.

PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } ss.
MILWAUKEE COUNTY, }

In the matter of the Estate of DONALD MCLEOD, deceased.

On this 15th day of February, A. D. 1854, upon reading and filing the petition of John Barron, stating that one Donald McLeod, of the county of Milwaukee, died intestate on or about the 22d day of January, 1854, and praying that John Barron be appointed Administrator on the Estate of said deceased:

It is ordered, That said application be heard before me, at my office in the city of Milwaukee, on the tenth day of March, A. D. 1854, at 10 o'clock A. M. And it is further ordered, That notice of said application and hearing be given by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks, once in each week, in the "Free Democrat," a newspaper printed in said city, prior to said hearing.

By the Court.
feb16d1aw3 CHAS. E. JENKINS, Judge.

CAUTION.

THE Public are cautioned against using Baking powder, Cream Tartar, or other Acids, for rising bread, &c., without satisfying themselves that they are pure. It is well known to the wholesale dealers in these articles that the impure article contains Alum, Lead, Lime, and other injurious ingredients. Pure Baking Powders cannot be sold so as to be very profitable to wholesalers, consequently the greater their efforts to sell an impure article. The manufacturer of Reed's Baking Powder uses an article that has been analyzed and found to contain only 1-100th part of impurities, and is, consequently perfectly safe. This is written merely as a caution, as the manufacturer has already more orders than he can fill. Reed's Baking Powders, pure Cream Tartar and Soda, [illegible] wholesale and retail, at 235 and 237 East Water st., Milwaukee. Orders to be filled must invariably be accompanied with the money. January, 1854. jan26

BILLINERY AND DRESS-MAKING!

S. A. CARROLL, No. 10 Wisconsin Street,

HAS JUST RECEIVED from New York the latest and most approved styles for Cloaks, Dresses, and Bonnets, to which she respectfully solicits the attention of her numerous patrons, and the ladies generally, satisfied that she can, by her earnest endeavors, please the most fastidious. A choice assortment of Feathers, Flowers, and Bonnet Silks, on hand.

S. A. CARROLL is prepared to teach the improved plan of Dress Cutting as taught by Mrs. Fowler. For terms inquire at No. 10 Wisconsin Street.

Milwaukee, Dec. 16, 1853. dec16

PORTFOLIOS.

WHAT IS NICER than a Fine Turkey Morocco Portfolio, with three apartments, for a present? We have on hand a splendid assortment, comprising every variety and style, from Fifty Cents each to Ten and Twelve Dollars. No charge for showing them at

dec23 A. WHITTEMORE & CO'S.

WANTED.

ANY PERSON having a good Father's outfit, wagon, &c., and would like a pleasant and very profitable employment for the next two or three months, will hear of a rare opportunity by applying immediately, by mail or otherwise, to

E. D. HILL,
Irving Bookstore, Milwaukee.

NEW STATIONERY.

WE HAVE received some New and Elegant Styles of STATIONERY PAPERS, from the Eastern Manufactories, which we might remember the [illegible] Milwaukee Papers, and [illegible]

A. WHITTEMORE & CO.

☞ [illegible] Bookstore, 197 East Water st.

KIRBY'S ACCOMMODATION HACK.

KIRBY may be found, with his Hack, on Main street, near the Theatre in the day time, and any Orders left for him at "Old Kirby's" Jewelry Store, corner of Wisconsin and East Water streets, will be promptly attended to.

He will convey passengers to and from the Boats or Railroad, or carry parties about the city, for very moderate fares.

KIRBY hopes by close attention to business to please all.

dec2

CITY OMNIBUS LINE.

First Ward, Spring street Hill, Kilbourntown and Walker's Point.

Running regularly from 6 o'clock A. M. to 9 o'clock P. M. Tickets to be had at the Stage Office, Wisconsin street, or of the Drivers. Price five Cents. jc26

ON THE CHEAP CASH PRINCIPLE!

GREAT FURNITURE
—AND—
UPHOLSTERY ESTABLISHMENT.
No. 172 and 174 East Water St.
Wholesale and Retail.

A. D. SEAMAN & CO.

THE undersigned thankful for past favors, and desiring a continuance of patronage from their customers and the public, invite and solicit their attention to their extensive and unparalled assortment of Plain and *Elegant* new styles,

CABINET FURNITURE,

Embracing nearly every article belonging to the Trade—Also

UPHOLSTERY.

Comprising every thing peculiar to that important department of trade. Also,

SHADES, CURTAINS, &c.

With every description of Trimmings, which we keep a man expressly engaged for putting up, and cutting, making and putting down Carpets.

The trade supplied at liberal discount.

N. B.—We are exclusive agents for the State of Wisconsin for

"Fisk's Patent Metallic Burial Cases,"

An article altogether unique, and which is destined to supersede the perishable wooden coffin now in use. Call and see them.

Also agents for the sale of Thompson, Price & Co's celebrated Varnishes and Japans.

Furniture and Upholstery made to order with dispatch and punctuality.

A. D. SEAMAN & CO.
dec14

METALIC BURIAL CASES!

FISK'S PATENT METALIC BURIAL CASES, are tight and indestructible for protection, and preserving the Dead for ordinary interments, for vaults, for transportation, &c. These cases are carefully constructed and neatly furnished with none of the gloomy and repulsive appearance peculiar to coffins, which they are designed entirely to supersede.

They are exposed for the inspection of the public at the Furniture Ware Rooms of A. D. SEAMAN & CO.

dec14 Agent for the State of Wisconsin.

AUCTION SALE. THE CALIFORNIA FENCE IS DOWN!!

THE ELEPHANT IS COMING!

J. HOOD, Auction and Commission Merchant, at the new Checkered Auction Room, No. 196 East Water Street, where liberal cash advances will be made on all kinds of Merchandise, Furniture, &c., for auction or private sales. MONEY LOANED on personal securities.

☞ Sales made in any part of the city or country on the most reasonable terms.

J. HOOD, Auctioneer.
Milwaukee, July 25, 1853. jy25

STATIONERY.

Cap, Letter, Folio post, Demy, Medium, Writing, Drawing, Envelope, Tissue, Blotting, colored Medium, Marble, Morocco, Gold printed, Glazed, Silver, Gilt and Wedding PAPER.

Emerald, Flood, Embossed, Gilded, Cartoon, Enamelled Satin Ivory and Painter's CARDS.

Gold and Steel Pens, wood, tin and ornamented pen-holders.

Cedar, drawing, slate and Crayon Pencils, porcelain and stone slates.

Buff, white, note, cream and mourning Envelopes, red carmine, black and India Ink.

Note letter, and Notarial Waters; white, scarlet, colored and spangled Sealing Wax.

Letter Clips, Letter Stamps, Backgammon Boards, Chessmen, plotting instruments, red tape, water colors, G. H. pencils, striping pencils, sand boxes, water boxes, Ink stands, &c. &c.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

Of all the kinds used in the State of Wisconsin.

A good assortment of Paper-Hangings.

Green, blue and dark figured Chinese and blended Cabin Papers, Fire board Prints, a beautiful article.

☞ The above are sold Wholesale or Retail as low can be purchased in this market for cash.

☞ Country dealers supplied.

may1-dac S. CHAPMAN

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY.
CAPITAL, - - - - - - - $200,000.

To and from New-York, Buffalo, Dunkirk, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, and intermediate places.

MESSENGERS will leave Milwaukee daily (Sundays excepted,) for New York and intermediate places. Also to Sheboygan daily.

☞ Each Express is sent in charge of trusty messengers, provided with iron chests, for the safety of valuable packages entrusted to their care.

PROPRIETORS:
LIVINGSTON, FARGO & CO., Buffalo.
WELLS, BUTTERFIELD & CO., New York.
WM. C. BURRELL, Agent,
Office McCrea & Bell's Block, Huron st., Milwaukee.
may21

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, N. Y.
ACCUMULATED FUND, $1,600,000.

FIRE PROTECTION, INSURANCE COMPANY,
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

THE undersigned, Agents of these well known Companies, continue to take Risks on Life and Property. Ludington's Block, corner E. Water and Wisconsin sts.

dec1-1yr ELLIS WORTHINGTON, Agent.

TO RAIL-ROAD CONTRACTORS.

GREGORY & HUNTINGTON, Civil Engineers and Surveyors, are ready to prepare Estimates and draw Proposals and Contracts for persons desirous of applying for the same, on any of the Railroads, or other Public Works.

july8

CHINA WARE, &c. A complete assortment of Band, White and Gilt Lustre, China Dinner and Tea Sets; white Iron Stone, Flowing Blue, Mulberry, Light blue and Common Ware; also a full assortment of Glass Ware, Waiters, Knives and Forks, Britannia Ware, &c., can be found at the sign of the "Big Pitcher."

jy1w F. J. BLAIR.

SHADY SIDE. Last Leaf from Sunny Side, Boat Rice, Modern Flirtation, Fern Leaves, Bible in the Counting House, Fielding's Business, Treatise, Solomon Northrop, &c., &c., just received and for sale by

oct8 HALL & PIERCE.

WHO WANTS COAL?

AN EXCELLENT article of *Bituminous, Stonebank, Tallmadge and Charleston Coal*, will be sold at low rates. Call and see.

jc9 NICHOLS, BRITT & CO.

LOOKING GLASSES.—A large invoice just received. Also, 10 cases of Plates, and any quantity of Frames for sale at

A. D. SEAMAN,
jy16 172 & 174 East Water-St.

WILLOW WARE, Willow Wagons, Cabs, Covered, Oval, School, and Clothes Baskets, of all sizes and of any quantity, can be found at

aug15 H. REED'S.

FLOWER POTS.—Now is your time to buy cheap. I have on hand 1000 pots, assorted sizes, which I will sell for cost, by the dozen of hundred.

may 11 H. REED.

BOYD'S ENCYCLOPEDIA, Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, Greek Grammar, and add a large supply of other **School and Classical Books**, just rec'd and for sale by

(no23) HALL & PIERCE.

FLOUR.—LOWELL MILLS EXTRA FLOUR, A superior article for family use, constantly on hand and for sale at our warehouse.

sep22 NICHOLS, BRITT & CO.

SHAVING & HAIR DRESSING

IN the best manner at 233 Spring Street, first door east of the American, by

Milwaukee, July 6th. d18 GEO. H. CLARK.

JUST READ THIS!

P. BARKER has the newest lot of Furs, Hats, Caps, Gloves, &c. Just the things for the Holidays. Call and see them at

dec24 109 East Water Street.

SHAKESPEARE.—A copy of Shakespeare's Eight Volumes, Cloth gilt, and gilt edges. Price $6.

dec9 S. CHAPMAN, 160 East Water St.

CHRISTIAN AND PRESBYTERIAN ALMANACS for 1844.

dec9 S. CHAPMAN, 165 East Water St.

LAW AND MEDICAL BOOKS.—Also an assortment of Law and Medical Books, constantly on hand, and for sale low, by

A. WHITTEMORE & CO., 197 East Water St.

WOOD'S ENCYCLOPEDIA. Just received and for sale at

BRADFORD BROS.

COFFEE MILLS.—A little better than a hand mill, just received and for sale by

HALL & PIERCE.

WATER PAILS.—[illegible] Water Pails, for sale at 189 East Water Street.

F. SCHMITT.
Milwaukee, Aug. 1, 1853.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS AT THE IRVING.

WITHIN the whole range of articles designed for GIFTS, what can possibly be more appropriate under all circumstances than a

Beautiful Book!

One significant of good taste and good sense, and a high compliment to the intelligence of the recipient.

THE IRVING BOOKSTORE,

as usual, is far ahead of all rivals in its most magnificent display of

Splendid Books and Fancy Articles,

designed for PRESENTS at the APPROACHING HOLIDAYS. Attention is solicited to our extensive and choice

Standard Political Works,

comprising every variety and style, in Plain, Gilt and Embossed Antique bindings.

Annuals, Gift Books, Biographies, &c., in Embossed Muslin, Turkey and Morocco bindings.

Velvet Prayer Books, with Gold and Silver mountings, entirely new and superior to any [illegible]

Bibles, Hymn Books, &c., in every variety of binding.

☞ We hope the Young Folks and Children will look at our assortment of JUVENILE BOOKS, as we can show them far the *greatest assortment* in Milwaukee. Our assortment of FANCY ARTICLES, at prices splendid *Portfolios, Portmonnaies, Card Cases, Gold Pens, Gold and Steel Pencils,* &c., &c. In fact, we are confident that any one, however fastidious, can expect to be suited in the choice of an **Appropriate Gift,** at the IRVING BOOKSTORE, 146 E. Water St.

dec17 H. D. HILL.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER TRADE.
FRESH STOCK.

ALL new styles direct from the best manufacturers in New York, Massachusetts and New Jersey. The above goods have been selected with the utmost care with a view to style and quality.

LADIES!

A superior assortment of Gaiters, Buskins and Slippers, the quality and style of all the goods are not to be surpassed before in this market. A full supply of Misses' and Children's Gaiters, Boots and Slippers.

GENTLEMEN!

Our stock of fine French Boots and Gaiters, surpasses anything heretofore exhibited in this city. They are warranted, made of the best French stock and on the latest style of French lasts.

CUSTOM WORK!

A large supply of our own make of Boots and Shoes which we warrant to be as good as the best. The entire stock of Boots and Shoes we offer at Wholesale and Retail at low figures. Merchants from the country should not fail to look through our stock before purchasing.

171 East Water st., sign of the M